

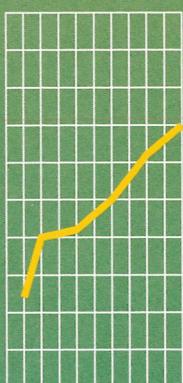


September 1997

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Labour Force

Australia



**LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA
SEPTEMBER 1997**

**Dennis Trewin
Acting Australian Statistician**

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INQUIRIES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>for further inquiries about labour force data</i>, contact Labour Force Inquiries in State ABS offices, Sydney (02) 9268 4493, Melbourne (03) 9615 7677, Brisbane (07) 3222 6351, Perth (08) 9360 5199, Adelaide (08) 8237 7365, Hobart (03) 6220 5841, Darwin (08) 8943 2150, Canberra (02) 6207 0283. ▪ <i>for further information about Monthly Labour Force Survey data</i>, contact Donna Maurer on Canberra (02) 6252 6525. ▪ <i>for information about other ABS statistics and services</i>, please refer to the back of this publication.
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Forthcoming changes —

Following each Census of Population and Housing, the ABS selects a new sample for the Labour Force Survey. This is done to ensure that the sample continues to accurately represent the distribution of the Australian population. A new sample has recently been selected based on the 1996 Census. The bulk of the new sample is being phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998, with one eighth of this portion of the sample being introduced every month. The remainder of the sample (about 15% of the total), which covers less settled areas of Australia and non-private dwellings, was rotated in fully for New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory in September 1997, and will be rotated in for Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia, in October 1997.

Detailed information about the new sample was provided in *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (cat.no 6269.0), which was released on 2 September 1997.

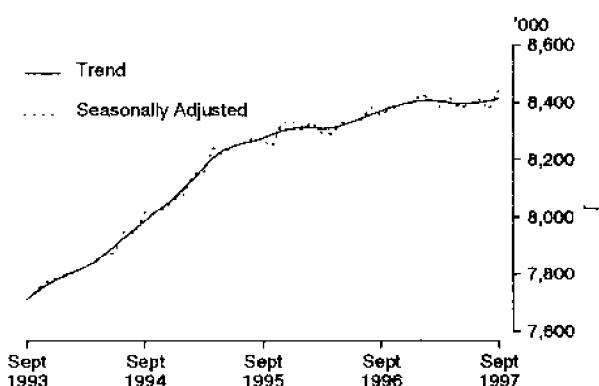
LABOUR MARKET IN BRIEF

TREND ESTIMATES

After a period of little or no growth in the first half of 1997, trend estimates of employment have been rising since June 1997, to stand at 8,415,400 in September 1997. Full-time employment continued to rise in September, while part-time employment was relatively flat. The trend estimate of unemployment fell slightly to 793,300 persons, while the unemployment rate was steady at 8.6%. The trend estimate of the participation rate was 63.0%, with the male and female rates falling slightly to 72.9% and 53.4% respectively.

EMPLOYMENT

In September 1997, the seasonally adjusted estimate of employment rose by 74,700 to 8,450,600. Full-time employment rose by 54,700 to 6,304,500, with rises in both male and female full-time employment of 37,900 and 16,700 respectively. Part-time employment rose by 20,000 to 2,146,100.



UNEMPLOYMENT

The seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment fell by 7,200 to 791,500 in September 1997. The number of unemployed persons seeking full-time work fell by 11,900 to 620,200 while the number seeking part-time work rose slightly to 171,300. The number of unemployed females fell by 16,900 to 320,700 while the number of unemployed males rose by 9,700 to 470,800.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

The September 1997 seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell by 0.1 percentage points to 8.6%. The male unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage points to 8.9%, while the female rate fell by 0.4 percentage points to 8.1%.

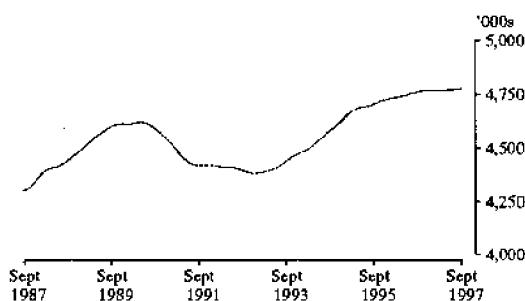
PARTICIPATION RATE

The seasonally adjusted estimate of the labour force participation rate rose by 0.4 percentage points to 63.3% in September 1997. The male rate rose by 0.5 percentage points to 73.2%, while the female rate rose by 0.3 percentage points to 53.7%.

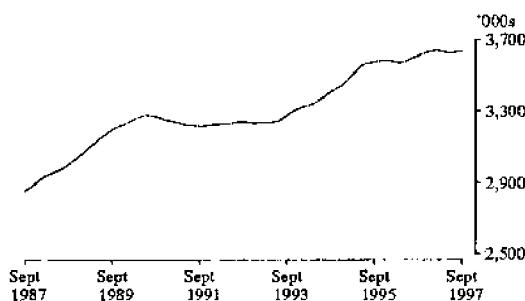
PRINCIPAL LABOUR FORCE SERIES

EMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

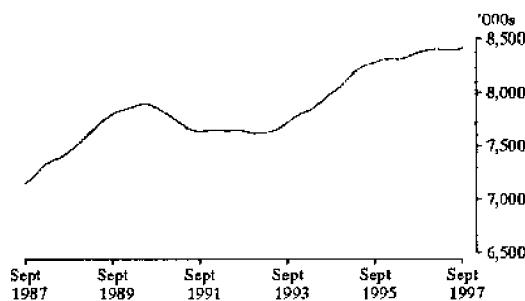
Males From a low of 4,383,900 in January 1993, the trend estimate of employed males rose strongly until mid 1995 then more slowly until January 1997. After remaining flat for several months the trend has recorded small rises in recent months, to reach 4,776,700 in September 1997.



Females Following strong rises between mid 1993 and mid 1995, growth in female trend employment slowed and then fell in early 1996. After rising over the next year or so, the trend again fell in early 1997. The trend estimate has since resumed rising, to 3,638,700 in September 1997.

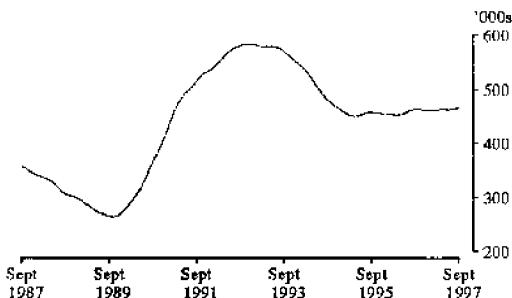


Persons The trend estimate of employed persons rose steadily from 7,616,200 in January 1993. After a small decline in early 1996, the trend then continued to rise more slowly, reaching 8,408,900 in February 1997. The trend estimate then fell slightly, but in recent months has resumed rising to 8,415,400 in September 1997.

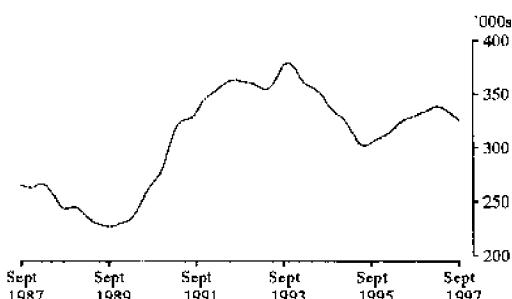


UNEMPLOYED PERSONS:
TREND SERIES

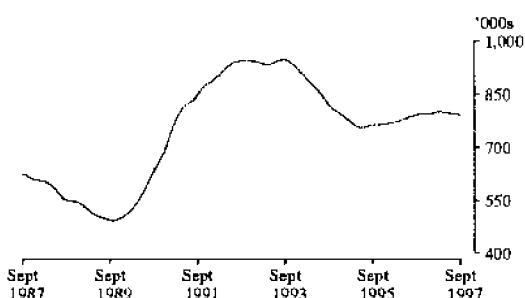
Males After reaching a peak of 583,800 in late 1992, the trend estimates of male unemployment fell rapidly to 450,500 in May 1995. Since then, the trend has been relatively steady. The trend stood at 466,700 in September 1997.



Females From a peak of 378,900 in October 1993, the trend estimate of female unemployment fell rapidly to 301,100 in July 1995. The trend then rose strongly to 338,200 in March 1997. In recent months, the trend has fallen, and was 326,600 in September 1997.

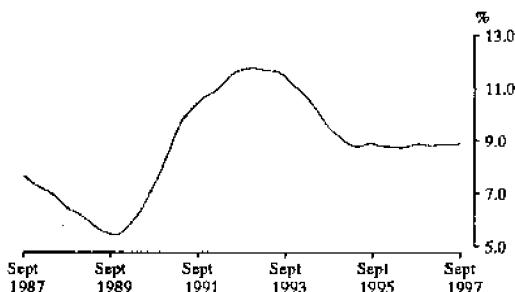


Persons The trend estimate of unemployment peaked at 947,800 in September 1993, before falling rapidly to 755,400 in June 1995. The trend estimate then rose steadily, and by April 1997 had reached 801,900. The trend has since fallen, to 793,300 in September 1997.

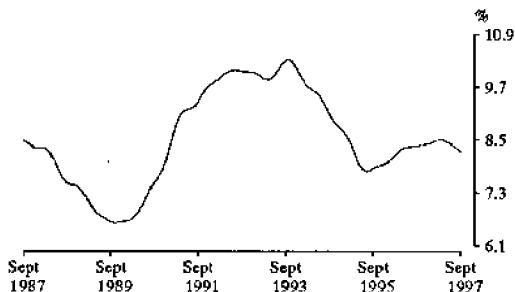


UNEMPLOYMENT RATE:
TREND SERIES

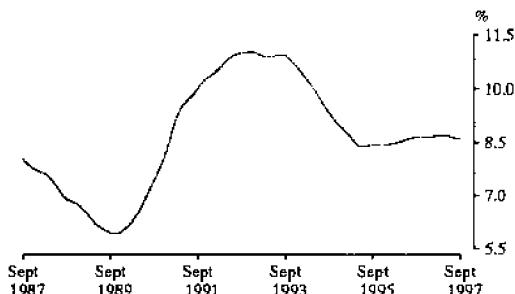
Males The male trend unemployment rate peaked at 11.8% in December 1992, before falling rapidly to 8.8% in March 1995. Since then, the trend rate has remained relatively steady, and in September 1997 was 8.9%, for the seventh consecutive month.



Females From a peak of 10.3% in late 1993, the trend unemployment rate for females fell steeply to 7.8% in June 1995. The rate then rose to 8.5% in early 1997. In recent months, the rate has fallen slightly and was 8.2% in September 1997.

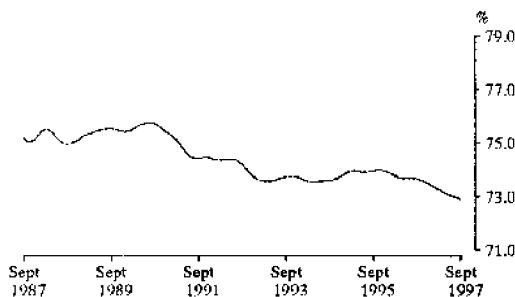


Persons From a high of 11.0% for late 1992 and early 1993, the trend unemployment rate fell steadily to a low of 8.4% between May 1995 and January 1996. The trend then rose slowly to reach 8.7% in late 1996. The rate has remained relatively steady since, but has fallen slightly to 8.6% in September 1997.

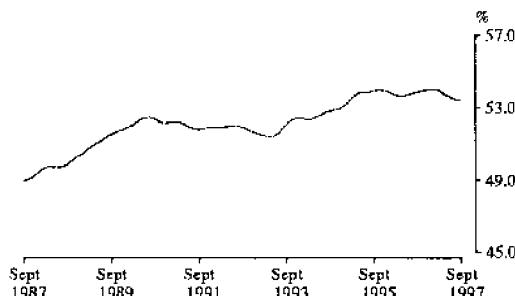


PARTICIPATION RATE:
TREND SERIES

Males The trend participation rate for males peaked at 75.8% in mid 1990, before falling to 73.6% in mid 1993. By late 1995, the trend rate had risen to 74.0%. Since then, the trend has been generally falling, to stand at 72.9% in September 1997.



Females Over the past ten years, the trend female participation rate has risen by more than 5 percentage points, with the strongest growth occurring between 1987 and 1990, and again between mid 1993 and 1994. Over the past few years, the trend rate has been relatively flat, but has dropped slightly to 53.4% in September 1997.



Persons From a low of 62.3% in April and May 1993, the trend estimate of the participation rate gradually rose to 63.8% in late 1995, before declining slightly to 63.5% in mid 1996. Following small increases in late 1996, the trend continued falling. In September 1997, the trend estimate was 63.0%.

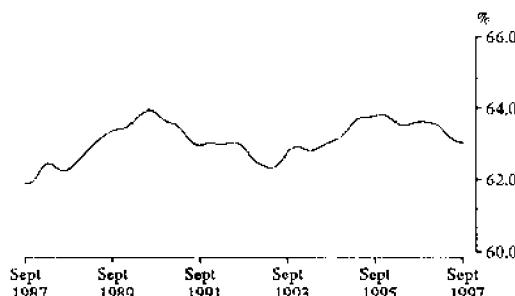


TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER(a)

Month	Unemployed											Participation rate cent -	
	Employed			Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over		
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	- '000 -	Total						
MALES													
1996 —													
July	4,237.1	535.5	4,772.6	23.6	371.7	50.4	422.1	5,194.7	1,876.2	7,070.9	8.1	73.5	
August	4,176.4	553.9	4,730.3	24.7	406.1	54.1	460.2	5,190.5	1,890.2	7,080.7	8.9	73.3	
September	4,212.9	565.4	4,778.3	23.4	408.4	57.3	465.8	5,244.0	1,846.4	7,090.5	8.9	74.0	
October	4,215.3	549.5	4,764.8	27.7	387.3	58.9	446.3	5,211.1	1,888.2	7,099.3	8.6	73.4	
November	4,208.9	548.4	4,757.3	27.7	385.2	49.2	434.4	5,191.7	1,916.4	7,108.1	8.4	73.0	
December	4,277.6	545.2	4,822.8	40.7	397.1	65.0	462.1	5,284.9	1,832.0	7,116.9	8.7	74.3	
1997 —													
January	4,221.2	531.2	4,752.4	38.3	435.0	65.3	500.3	5,252.6	1,871.5	7,124.2	9.5	73.7	
February	4,210.6	527.3	4,737.9	34.8	451.7	61.9	513.6	5,251.4	1,880.0	7,131.4	9.8	73.6	
March	4,186.6	568.9	4,755.6	33.4	418.4	69.5	487.9	5,243.5	1,895.2	7,138.7	9.3	73.5	
April	4,189.4	578.1	4,767.5	30.3	396.9	63.3	460.2	5,227.7	1,919.5	7,147.1	8.8	73.1	
May	4,183.6	577.1	4,760.7	27.4	402.9	55.2	458.1	5,218.8	1,936.8	7,155.6	8.8	72.9	
June	4,191.0	591.4	4,782.4	27.4	384.4	52.0	436.4	5,218.8	1,945.3	7,164.1	8.4	72.8	
July	4,231.3	562.9	4,794.2	24.6	397.5	50.1	447.6	5,241.8	1,930.9	7,172.8	8.5	73.1	
August	4,153.3	575.9	4,729.2	26.9	398.5	49.4	447.8	5,177.0	2,004.4	7,181.4	8.7	72.1	
September	4,235.5	581.0	4,816.6	22.5	399.5	70.0	469.5	5,286.1	1,904.0	7,190.1	8.9	73.5	
Standard error of —													
September 1997 estimates	19.9	9.6	20.8	2.3	8.2	3.9	8.8	21.4	15.0	..	0.2	0.3	
Aug 97 to Sep 97 movements	16.6	7.9	17.4	2.5	6.9	3.6	7.3	18.0	12.5	..	0.1	0.3	
MARRIED FEMALES													
1996 —													
July	1,192.8	993.5	2,186.3	* 1.2	85.1	41.5	126.6	2,313.0	1,909.9	4,222.9	5.5	54.8	
August	1,175.8	999.2	2,175.0	* 1.2	79.4	40.3	119.6	2,294.6	1,911.7	4,206.3	5.2	54.6	
September	1,190.7	1,017.3	2,208.0	* 0.9	79.6	51.8	131.4	2,339.4	1,855.3	4,194.8	5.6	55.8	
October	1,179.9	992.6	2,172.5	* 0.6	79.4	45.2	124.6	2,297.1	1,898.3	4,195.4	5.4	54.8	
November	1,174.8	1,007.9	2,182.7	* 0.7	71.7	43.8	115.4	2,298.1	1,882.9	4,181.1	5.0	55.0	
December	1,195.3	990.6	2,185.9	* 1.3	76.0	41.1	117.1	2,303.0	1,894.9	4,197.9	5.1	54.9	
1997 —													
January	1,159.8	938.3	2,098.1	* 1.2	84.8	37.2	122.0	2,220.0	1,973.6	4,193.7	5.5	52.9	
February	1,166.6	999.2	2,165.8	* 1.2	95.4	48.4	143.8	2,309.6	1,887.3	4,197.0	6.2	55.0	
March	1,166.4	1,026.3	2,192.7	* 0.6	84.3	46.2	130.5	2,323.2	1,882.4	4,205.6	5.6	55.2	
April	1,175.6	1,028.6	2,204.2	* 0.9	81.2	46.3	127.4	2,331.7	1,877.9	4,209.5	5.5	55.4	
May	1,180.7	1,020.8	2,201.5	* 0.5	79.8	47.8	127.6	2,329.2	1,897.7	4,226.9	5.5	55.1	
June	1,172.4	1,054.3	2,226.7	* 1.5	79.6	39.4	119.1	2,345.8	1,882.1	4,227.9	5.1	55.5	
July	1,196.5	1,024.9	2,221.4	* 1.1	75.4	38.4	113.8	2,335.1	1,914.4	4,249.5	4.9	55.0	
August	1,172.7	1,016.8	2,189.5	* 1.3	81.1	42.2	123.4	2,312.8	1,947.0	4,259.9	5.3	54.3	
September	1,211.2	1,057.3	2,268.5	* 0.9	82.2	43.1	125.3	2,393.8	1,864.7	4,258.5	5.2	56.2	
Standard error of —													
September 1997 estimates	12.7	12.0	16.0	0.5	4.2	3.2	5.1	16.3	14.9	..	0.2	0.4	
Aug 97 to Sep 97 movements	10.4	9.9	13.1	0.8	3.8	3.0	4.4	13.4	12.4	..	0.2	0.3	

(a) Estimates for employment for the period August 1996 to January 1997 are affected by the implementation of telephone interviewing. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 6 and 7.

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER (a)

Month	Unemployed													
	Employed			Looking for full-time work			Looking for part-time work			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate cent -
	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	Total	Aged 15-19	looking for first job	Total	for part-time work	Total					
	July	2,092.0	1,515.4	3,607.3	16.1	207.8	101.7	309.5	3,916.8	3,375.7	7,292.5	7.9	53.7	
1996 —														
July	2,059.8	1,529.6	3,589.4	17.2	210.1	100.9	310.9	3,900.3	3,403.3	7,303.6	8.0	53.4		
September	2,087.4	1,564.0	3,651.3	20.9	220.6	113.9	334.5	3,985.8	3,328.9	7,314.8	8.4	54.5		
October	2,089.2	1,538.5	3,627.7	21.0	211.1	107.5	318.6	3,946.3	3,378.2	7,324.5	8.1	53.9		
November	2,075.0	1,560.2	3,635.2	19.5	204.5	98.4	302.9	3,938.0	3,396.3	7,334.3	7.7	53.7		
December	2,122.5	1,551.2	3,673.7	37.3	231.1	112.4	343.5	4,017.2	3,326.8	7,344.1	8.6	54.7		
1997 —														
January	2,071.8	1,472.1	3,543.9	34.3	251.2	102.3	353.5	3,897.5	3,454.5	7,352.0	9.1	53.0		
February	2,067.3	1,544.8	3,612.1	23.4	262.8	129.8	392.5	4,004.6	3,355.3	7,359.9	9.8	54.4		
March	2,044.9	1,592.8	3,637.7	21.5	234.8	122.7	357.4	3,995.2	3,372.6	7,367.8	8.9	54.2		
April	2,054.1	1,589.6	3,643.7	23.1	230.6	108.8	339.4	3,983.1	3,393.4	7,376.5	8.5	54.0		
May	2,051.9	1,576.7	3,628.6	15.8	220.8	113.0	333.8	3,962.4	3,422.8	7,385.2	8.4	53.7		
June	2,031.6	1,604.1	3,635.8	17.4	215.6	98.7	314.4	3,950.1	3,443.8	7,393.9	8.0	53.4		
July	2,092.2	1,565.7	3,657.9	15.2	207.2	96.1	303.3	3,961.2	3,441.4	7,402.6	7.7	53.5		
August	2,025.0	1,561.3	3,586.3	17.0	213.9	102.9	316.8	3,903.1	3,508.3	7,411.4	8.1	52.7		
September	2,084.6	1,625.2	3,709.8	15.9	213.3	110.2	323.5	4,033.3	3,386.8	7,420.1	8.0	54.4		
Standard error of —														
September 1997 estimates	15.5	14.1	19.0	2.0	6.4	4.8	7.6	19.5	18.4	..	0.2	0.3		
Aug 97 to Sep 97 movements	12.7	11.6	15.8	2.1	5.4	4.2	6.3	16.3	15.5	..	0.2	0.2		
PERSONS														
1996 —														
July	6,329.0	2,050.9	8,379.9	39.7	579.5	152.1	731.6	9,111.5	5,251.9	14,363.4	8.0	63.4		
August	6,236.2	2,083.5	8,319.7	42.0	616.1	155.0	771.1	9,090.8	5,293.5	14,384.3	8.5	63.2		
September	6,300.3	2,129.3	8,429.6	44.3	629.0	171.2	800.2	9,229.8	5,175.4	14,405.2	8.7	64.1		
October	6,304.5	2,088.0	8,392.5	48.7	598.4	166.4	764.9	9,157.4	5,266.4	14,423.8	8.4	63.5		
November	6,283.9	2,108.6	8,392.5	47.2	589.7	147.6	737.2	9,129.7	5,312.7	14,442.4	8.1	63.2		
December	6,400.1	2,096.4	8,496.5	78.0	628.2	177.4	805.7	9,302.2	5,158.8	14,461.0	8.7	64.3		
1997 —														
January	6,293.0	2,003.3	8,296.3	72.6	686.2	167.6	853.8	9,150.1	5,326.0	14,476.2	9.3	63.2		
February	6,277.9	2,072.0	8,349.9	58.2	714.5	191.6	906.1	9,256.1	5,235.2	14,491.3	9.8	63.9		
March	6,231.5	2,161.8	8,393.3	54.9	653.2	192.2	845.4	9,238.7	5,267.8	14,506.5	9.2	63.7		
April	6,243.5	2,167.6	8,411.2	53.4	627.5	172.2	799.6	9,210.8	5,312.8	14,523.6	8.7	63.4		
May	6,235.5	2,153.8	8,389.3	43.2	623.7	168.2	791.9	9,181.2	5,359.6	14,540.8	8.6	63.1		
June	6,222.6	2,195.5	8,418.1	44.8	600.1	150.7	750.8	9,168.9	5,389.1	14,558.0	8.2	63.0		
July	6,323.5	2,128.6	8,452.1	39.9	604.7	146.2	750.9	9,203.0	5,372.4	14,575.4	8.2	63.1		
August	6,178.4	2,137.1	8,315.5	43.8	612.4	152.2	764.6	9,080.1	5,512.7	14,592.8	8.4	62.2		
September	6,320.2	2,206.2	8,526.4	38.4	612.8	180.2	793.0	9,319.4	5,290.9	14,610.3	8.5	63.8		
Standard error of —														
September 1997 estimates	22.8	15.8	25.1	3.0	9.8	5.9	10.8	25.9	21.4	..	0.1	0.2		
Aug 97 to Sep 97 movements	19.3	13.0	21.6	3.0	8.0	5.1	8.9	22.3	18.3	..	0.1	0.2		

(a) Estimates for employment for the period August 1996 to January 1997 are affected by the implementation of telephone interviewing. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 6 and 7.

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES(a)

Month	Unemployed									
	Employed			Looking for full-time work			Unemployment rate per cent			
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	Looking for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Unemployment rate per cent	Participation rate
MALES										
1996 —										
July	4,215.0	537.3	4,752.3	29.5	395.0	56.2	451.3	5,203.6	8.7	73.6
August	4,213.8	546.2	4,760.0	29.5	414.8	59.8	474.6	5,234.7	9.1	73.9
September	4,205.6	547.0	4,752.6	26.9	412.5	55.7	468.2	5,220.8	9.0	73.6
October	4,210.5	545.3	4,755.8	33.2	409.8	61.7	471.5	5,227.3	9.0	73.6
November	4,219.6	554.8	4,774.5	30.9	399.6	57.3	456.9	5,231.4	8.7	73.6
December	4,218.2	550.4	4,768.6	29.9	393.2	61.6	454.8	5,223.4	8.7	73.4
1997 —										
January	4,232.4	555.1	4,787.5	27.0	393.5	58.2	451.7	5,239.2	8.6	73.5
February	4,205.2	549.2	4,754.4	29.9	415.3	56.2	471.5	5,225.9	9.0	73.3
March	4,204.8	557.0	4,761.8	34.8	413.2	59.3	472.5	5,234.3	9.0	73.3
April	4,202.3	569.8	4,772.1	29.7	401.5	62.7	464.2	5,236.3	8.9	73.3
May	4,188.5	575.7	4,764.2	28.8	404.9	56.8	461.8	5,225.9	8.8	73.0
June	4,194.0	584.1	4,778.1	30.5	391.1	56.6	447.7	5,225.9	8.6	72.9
July	4,209.2	565.0	4,774.2	30.8	422.9	55.8	478.7	5,252.9	9.1	73.2
August	4,190.0	567.6	4,757.6	32.2	406.7	54.4	461.1	5,218.7	8.8	72.7
September	4,228.0	562.2	4,790.2	25.8	402.8	68.0	470.8	5,261.0	8.9	73.2
MARRIED FEMALES										
1996 —										
July	1,185.4	983.5	2,168.9	n.a.	89.4	44.0	133.3	2,302.2	5.8	54.5
August	1,183.0	990.2	2,173.2	n.a.	82.7	43.9	126.6	2,299.7	5.5	54.7
September	1,180.1	990.1	2,170.2	n.a.	79.5	46.9	126.4	2,296.6	5.5	54.7
October	1,171.2	996.8	2,168.1	n.a.	82.4	46.8	129.3	2,297.3	5.6	54.8
November	1,167.7	998.6	2,166.3	n.a.	76.5	42.8	119.3	2,285.6	5.2	54.7
December	1,181.5	1,000.3	2,181.9	n.a.	81.5	43.2	124.7	2,306.6	5.4	54.9
1997 —										
January	1,178.4	1,014.7	2,193.1	n.a.	88.5	43.5	131.9	2,325.0	5.7	55.4
February	1,177.0	1,025.5	2,202.5	n.a.	83.0	42.4	125.4	2,327.9	5.4	55.5
March	1,163.8	1,018.3	2,182.1	n.a.	78.2	40.1	118.3	2,300.4	5.1	54.7
April	1,184.9	1,023.5	2,208.4	n.a.	79.3	45.1	124.4	2,332.7	5.3	55.4
May	1,183.3	1,000.9	2,184.2	n.a.	80.0	50.4	130.4	2,314.6	5.6	54.8
June	1,175.4	1,027.2	2,202.6	n.a.	76.3	41.0	117.2	2,319.8	5.1	54.9
July	1,188.6	1,014.3	2,203.0	n.a.	79.3	40.6	119.9	2,322.9	5.2	54.7
August	1,179.5	1,007.9	2,187.4	n.a.	84.3	46.0	130.3	2,317.7	5.6	54.4
September	1,200.7	1,029.3	2,230.0	n.a.	81.9	39.0	120.9	2,350.9	5.1	55.2
ALL FEMALES										
1996 —										
July	2,077.9	1,511.9	3,589.8	20.2	218.0	111.2	329.2	3,919.0	8.4	53.7
August	2,095.2	1,526.3	3,621.5	21.4	221.5	109.9	331.4	3,953.0	8.4	54.1
September	2,079.3	1,524.1	3,603.4	23.5	225.3	106.7	332.0	3,935.4	8.4	53.8
October	2,081.3	1,540.8	3,622.1	25.3	222.5	109.6	332.1	3,954.2	8.4	54.0
November	2,074.8	1,544.3	3,619.2	22.5	219.2	103.2	322.4	3,941.6	8.2	53.7
December	2,080.5	1,547.6	3,628.1	26.4	224.8	112.3	337.1	3,965.2	8.5	54.0
1997 —										
January	2,068.5	1,569.0	3,637.5	25.6	230.7	108.5	339.2	3,976.7	8.5	54.1
February	2,071.6	1,591.9	3,663.5	18.8	227.1	112.2	339.2	4,002.8	8.5	54.4
March	2,041.5	1,580.7	3,622.2	20.2	224.5	106.0	330.5	3,952.7	8.4	53.6
April	2,072.5	1,576.6	3,649.0	25.3	231.3	106.9	338.2	3,987.2	8.5	54.1
May	2,063.2	1,553.5	3,616.7	16.2	230.5	117.6	348.1	3,964.7	8.8	53.7
June	2,040.7	1,573.8	3,614.6	20.2	223.9	106.3	330.1	3,944.7	8.4	53.4
July	2,076.1	1,561.7	3,639.8	19.3	217.5	105.0	322.5	3,962.3	8.1	53.5
August	2,059.7	1,558.5	3,618.3	21.1	225.3	112.2	337.6	3,955.8	8.5	53.4
September	2,076.5	1,584.0	3,660.5	17.9	217.4	103.3	320.7	3,981.1	8.1	53.7
PERSONS										
1996 —										
July	6,292.9	2,049.2	8,342.1	49.8	613.0	167.4	780.5	9,122.6	8.6	63.5
August	6,309.1	2,072.5	8,381.6	50.9	636.3	169.8	806.1	9,187.6	8.8	63.9
September	6,284.9	2,071.1	8,356.0	50.4	637.8	162.4	800.3	9,156.3	8.7	63.6
October	6,291.8	2,086.1	8,377.9	58.5	632.4	171.3	803.6	9,181.5	8.8	63.7
November	6,294.5	2,099.2	8,393.6	53.4	618.8	160.5	779.3	9,172.9	8.5	63.5
December	6,298.7	2,098.0	8,396.7	56.4	618.0	173.9	791.9	9,188.6	8.6	63.5
1997 —										
January	6,300.9	2,124.1	8,425.1	52.6	624.2	166.7	790.9	9,215.9	8.6	63.7
February	6,276.8	2,141.1	8,417.9	48.8	642.4	168.4	810.8	9,228.7	8.8	63.7
March	6,246.4	2,137.7	8,384.0	55.0	637.7	165.3	803.0	9,187.0	8.7	63.3
April	6,274.8	2,146.4	8,421.1	55.0	632.8	169.5	802.3	9,223.5	8.7	63.5
May	6,251.7	2,129.1	8,380.8	44.9	635.4	174.4	809.8	9,190.7	8.8	63.2
June	6,234.8	2,158.0	8,392.7	50.7	615.0	162.9	777.8	9,170.6	8.5	63.0
July	6,287.3	2,126.7	8,414.0	50.1	640.4	160.8	801.2	9,215.2	8.7	63.2
August	6,249.8	2,126.1	8,375.9	53.2	632.1	166.6	798.7	9,174.6	8.7	62.9
September	6,304.5	2,146.1	8,450.6	43.7	620.2	171.3	791.5	9,242.1	8.6	63.3

(a) Estimates for employment for the period August 1996 to January 1997 are affected by the implementation of telephone interviewing. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 6 and 7.

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES(a)

Month	Unemployed									
	Employed			Looking for full-time work			Labour force			
	Full-time workers		Part-time workers	Total	Aged 15-19	looking for first job	Total '000	part-time work	Total	Unemployment rate - per
	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April
MALES										
<i>1996</i> —	4,209.5	542.0	4,751.5	31.1	401.2	57.2	458.3	5,209.8	8.8	73.7
July	4,211.0	544.6	4,755.6	30.6	403.8	57.9	461.7	5,217.3	8.8	73.7
August	4,213.0	546.9	4,759.9	30.0	405.1	58.5	463.7	5,223.6	8.9	73.7
September	4,215.1	548.5	4,763.6	29.7	405.0	59.0	464.0	5,227.6	8.9	73.6
October	4,217.4	549.6	4,767.1	29.8	403.8	59.1	462.9	5,230.0	8.9	73.6
November	4,218.4	550.8	4,769.2	30.1	402.7	59.1	461.8	5,231.0	8.8	73.5
<i>1997</i> —	4,216.5	553.0	4,769.5	30.3	402.4	59.1	461.5	5,231.0	8.8	73.4
January	4,212.3	556.8	4,769.1	30.3	403.2	59.1	462.4	5,231.4	8.8	73.4
February	4,206.0	562.0	4,768.0	30.5	404.8	58.8	463.5	5,231.5	8.9	73.3
March	4,200.2	567.1	4,767.3	30.7	405.9	58.2	464.1	5,231.4	8.9	73.2
April	4,197.4	570.8	4,768.2	30.7	406.1	57.8	463.9	5,232.0	8.9	73.1
May	4,197.9	572.2	4,770.1	30.4	405.9	57.7	463.6	5,233.8	8.9	73.1
June	4,200.7	571.7	4,772.4	30.0	406.1	58.1	464.1	5,236.6	8.9	73.0
July	4,204.9	570.1	4,775.0	29.5	406.3	58.9	465.1	5,240.2	8.9	73.0
August	4,209.1	567.6	4,776.7	28.8	406.9	59.8	466.7	5,243.4	8.9	72.9
MARRIED FEMALES (b)										
<i>1996</i> —	1,177.7	989.2	2,166.9	n.a.	81.4	46.6	128.0	2,294.9	5.6	54.5
July	1,177.6	989.4	2,167.0	n.a.	81.5	46.2	127.6	2,294.7	5.6	54.6
August	1,177.5	991.3	2,168.8	n.a.	81.5	45.5	127.0	2,295.7	5.5	54.7
September	1,176.8	994.6	2,171.5	n.a.	81.6	44.8	126.4	2,297.8	5.5	54.8
October	1,175.6	1,000.3	2,175.8	n.a.	81.8	44.0	125.8	2,301.6	5.5	54.9
November	1,174.6	1,006.8	2,181.4	n.a.	82.0	43.3	125.3	2,306.8	5.4	55.0
<i>1997</i> —	1,174.6	1,012.5	2,187.1	n.a.	82.2	43.0	125.2	2,312.3	5.4	55.1
January	1,175.5	1,016.6	2,192.1	n.a.	81.9	43.0	125.0	2,317.1	5.4	55.2
February	1,176.4	1,018.5	2,194.9	n.a.	81.0	43.5	124.4	2,319.3	5.4	55.2
March	1,177.5	1,018.2	2,195.7	n.a.	79.8	44.0	123.8	2,319.6	5.3	55.0
April	1,179.2	1,017.0	2,196.1	n.a.	79.2	44.2	123.3	2,319.5	5.3	54.9
May	1,181.9	1,016.1	2,197.9	n.a.	79.3	43.9	123.2	2,321.1	5.3	54.8
June	1,184.9	1,016.3	2,201.2	n.a.	80.0	43.3	123.3	2,324.4	5.3	54.8
July	1,188.1	1,017.2	2,205.2	n.a.	80.9	42.5	123.4	2,328.7	5.3	54.7
August	1,191.3	1,018.8	2,210.2	n.a.	81.9	41.8	123.7	2,333.9	5.3	54.8
ALL FEMALES										
<i>1996</i> —	2,073.0	1,520.7	3,593.7	21.2	216.4	110.9	327.3	3,921.0	8.3	53.8
July	2,078.8	1,524.2	3,603.0	21.9	218.5	109.8	328.3	3,931.4	8.4	53.8
August	2,082.5	1,529.1	3,611.7	23.0	220.8	108.7	329.5	3,941.2	8.4	53.9
September	2,082.8	1,536.3	3,619.1	23.9	222.9	108.1	331.0	3,950.1	8.4	53.9
October	2,079.6	1,546.6	3,626.2	24.4	224.3	108.0	332.4	3,958.6	8.4	54.0
November	2,074.8	1,558.3	3,633.1	24.2	225.4	108.4	333.7	3,966.8	8.4	54.0
<i>1997</i> —	2,069.5	1,568.4	3,637.8	23.5	226.5	108.9	335.5	3,973.3	8.4	54.0
January	2,065.0	1,574.8	3,639.8	22.5	227.8	109.5	337.2	3,977.0	8.5	54.0
February	2,061.3	1,576.6	3,637.9	21.4	228.4	109.8	338.2	3,976.1	8.5	54.0
March	2,059.1	1,574.2	3,633.3	20.6	228.1	109.8	337.8	3,971.1	8.5	53.8
April	2,059.1	1,570.1	3,629.2	20.1	226.6	109.5	336.1	3,965.3	8.5	53.7
May	2,060.9	1,566.9	3,627.7	19.8	224.8	109.0	333.8	3,961.6	8.4	53.6
June	2,063.4	1,565.9	3,629.3	19.5	223.0	108.4	331.3	3,960.7	8.4	53.5
July	2,066.3	1,566.5	3,632.7	19.3	221.2	107.5	328.8	3,961.5	8.3	53.5
August	2,070.0	1,568.7	3,638.7	19.0	219.7	106.9	326.6	3,965.3	8.2	53.4
PERSONS										
<i>1996</i> —	6,282.5	2,062.7	8,345.2	52.3	617.6	168.0	785.6	9,130.8	8.6	63.6
July	6,289.8	2,068.8	8,358.6	52.5	622.3	167.8	790.0	9,148.6	8.6	63.6
August	6,295.5	2,076.0	8,371.5	53.0	626.0	167.2	793.2	9,164.7	8.7	63.6
September	6,297.9	2,084.8	8,382.7	53.6	627.9	167.1	795.0	9,177.7	8.7	63.6
October	6,297.1	2,096.2	8,393.3	54.2	628.1	167.2	795.3	9,188.6	8.7	63.6
November	6,293.2	2,109.1	8,402.3	54.3	628.1	167.5	795.5	9,197.8	8.6	63.6
<i>1997</i> —	6,286.0	2,121.3	8,407.4	53.8	628.9	168.1	797.0	9,204.3	8.7	63.6
January	6,277.3	2,131.6	8,408.9	52.8	631.0	168.6	799.6	9,208.4	8.7	63.5
February	6,267.2	2,138.6	8,405.9	51.9	633.2	168.6	801.7	9,207.6	8.7	63.5
March	6,259.2	2,141.4	8,400.6	51.3	633.9	168.0	801.9	9,202.5	8.7	63.4
April	6,256.4	2,140.9	8,397.4	50.8	632.7	167.3	800.0	9,197.4	8.7	63.3
May	6,258.8	2,139.1	8,397.9	50.2	630.8	166.7	797.5	9,195.3	8.7	63.2
June	6,264.2	2,137.6	8,401.8	49.5	629.1	166.4	795.5	9,197.3	8.6	63.1
July	6,271.1	2,136.6	8,407.7	48.8	627.5	166.4	793.9	9,201.6	8.6	63.1
August	6,279.1	2,136.3	8,415.4	47.8	626.5	166.8	793.3	9,208.7	8.6	63.0

(a) Estimates for employment from February 1996 have been affected by the implementation of telephone interviewing over the period August 1996 to February 1997. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 6, 7 and 32. (b) See Explanatory Notes, paragraph 32.

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
MARITAL STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Employed			Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
Males	4,235.5	581.0	4,816.6	399.5	70.0	469.5	5,286.1	1,904.0	7,190.1	8.9	73.5
Married	2,873.0	230.3	3,103.3	160.0	11.3	171.3	3,274.6	1,060.1	4,334.7	5.2	75.5
Not married	1,362.5	350.7	1,713.3	239.5	58.7	298.2	2,011.5	844.0	2,855.5	14.8	70.4
Females	2,084.6	1,625.2	3,709.8	213.3	110.2	323.5	4,033.3	3,386.8	7,420.1	8.0	54.4
Married	1,211.2	1,057.3	2,268.5	82.2	43.1	125.3	2,393.8	1,864.7	4,258.5	5.2	56.2
Not married	873.4	567.9	1,441.3	131.1	67.1	198.2	1,639.5	1,522.1	3,161.6	12.1	51.9
Persons	6,320.2	2,206.2	8,526.4	612.8	180.2	793.0	9,319.4	5,290.9	14,610.3	8.5	63.8

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
STATES AND TERRITORIES, SEPTEMBER 1997

State or Territory	Employed			Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
MALES											
New South Wales	1,434.3	179.0	1,613.3	126.1	21.5	147.6	1,760.9	668.5	2,429.3	8.4	72.5
Victoria	1,037.0	152.1	1,189.1	100.8	22.6	123.5	1,312.6	471.9	1,784.5	9.4	73.6
Queensland	781.3	113.0	894.3	77.8	12.2	90.1	984.3	346.0	1,330.3	9.1	74.0
South Australia	325.0	50.4	375.3	40.0	4.5	44.5	419.9	162.8	582.7	10.6	72.1
Western Australia	446.3	54.6	500.9	34.5	5.6	40.1	541.0	160.1	701.1	7.4	77.2
Tasmania	97.3	15.2	112.5	12.4	* 1.0	13.4	125.9	55.9	181.8	10.7	69.3
Northern Territory	40.2	5.3	45.5	2.7	* 0.6	3.3	48.8	16.3	65.0	6.8	75.0
Australian Capital Territory	74.1	11.6	85.7	5.0	2.0	7.0	92.8	22.7	115.5	7.6	80.3
Australia	4,235.5	581.0	4,816.6	399.5	70.0	469.5	5,286.1	1,904.0	7,190.1	8.9	73.5
FEMALES											
New South Wales	722.2	504.6	1,226.8	63.4	32.7	96.1	1,322.9	1,196.5	2,519.4	7.3	52.5
Victoria	520.4	412.5	932.9	59.1	29.0	88.1	1,021.0	841.9	1,862.9	8.6	54.8
Queensland	382.9	312.2	695.1	42.7	24.7	67.4	762.5	592.6	1,355.1	8.8	56.3
South Australia	144.7	145.2	289.9	18.3	9.3	27.7	317.5	285.8	603.3	8.7	52.6
Western Australia	201.1	173.7	374.8	17.0	8.2	25.1	399.9	308.1	708.0	6.3	56.5
Tasmania	38.9	40.2	79.2	8.0	3.1	11.2	90.3	97.6	188.0	12.3	48.1
Northern Territory	27.5	11.1	38.6	* 1.1	* 0.3	1.4	40.0	24.0	64.1	3.5	62.5
Australian Capital Territory	46.9	25.7	72.6	3.8	2.7	6.5	79.1	40.2	119.3	8.2	66.3
Australia	2,084.6	1,625.2	3,709.8	213.3	110.2	323.5	4,033.3	3,386.8	7,420.1	8.0	54.4
PIRSONS											
New South Wales	2,156.5	683.5	2,840.0	189.5	54.2	243.7	3,083.8	1,865.0	4,948.7	7.9	62.3
Victoria	1,557.5	564.6	2,122.1	159.9	51.7	211.6	2,333.6	1,313.8	3,647.4	9.1	64.0
Queensland	1,164.2	425.2	1,589.4	120.5	37.0	157.4	1,746.8	938.6	2,685.3	9.0	65.0
South Australia	469.7	195.5	665.2	58.4	13.8	72.2	737.4	448.6	1,186.0	9.8	62.2
Western Australia	647.4	228.2	875.6	51.5	13.7	65.2	940.9	468.2	1,409.1	6.9	66.8
Tasmania	136.2	55.4	191.7	20.4	4.2	24.6	216.3	153.5	369.8	11.4	58.5
Northern Territory	67.7	16.4	84.1	3.8	* 0.9	4.7	88.8	40.3	129.1	5.3	68.8
Australian Capital Territory	121.1	37.3	158.3	8.8	4.7	13.6	171.9	62.9	234.8	7.9	73.2
Australia	6,320.2	2,206.2	8,526.4	612.8	180.2	793.0	9,319.4	5,290.9	14,610.3	8.5	63.8

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
STATE CAPITAL CITIES, SEPTEMBER 1997

Capital city	Employed		Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
MALES										
Sydney	937.6	1,044.3	56.3	14.5	70.8	1,115.2	391.3	1,506.5	6.4	74.0
Melbourne	767.3	875.4	69.2	16.0	85.3	960.6	327.0	1,287.6	8.9	74.6
Brisbane	355.8	408.0	30.0	8.3	38.3	446.3	155.3	601.7	8.6	74.2
Adelaide	234.6	271.9	29.2	3.4	32.5	304.4	124.5	428.9	10.7	71.0
Perth	317.9	358.7	25.5	5.4	30.9	389.7	120.9	510.6	7.9	76.3
Hobart	39.9	47.0	4.5	* 0.5	5.0	52.1	22.7	74.8	9.7	69.6
<i>Total</i>	<i>2,653.2</i>	<i>3,005.3</i>	<i>214.8</i>	<i>48.1</i>	<i>262.9</i>	<i>3,268.2</i>	<i>1,141.7</i>	<i>4,410.0</i>	<i>8.0</i>	<i>74.1</i>
FEMALES										
Sydney	522.0	813.6	31.8	20.7	52.6	866.1	706.5	1,572.6	6.1	55.1
Melbourne	406.9	694.8	40.3	21.4	61.6	756.4	595.3	1,351.7	8.1	56.0
Brisbane	186.0	330.7	20.0	11.2	31.2	361.9	263.6	625.5	8.6	57.9
Adelaide	109.1	214.8	14.4	7.3	21.6	236.4	216.8	453.2	9.2	52.2
Perth	150.9	278.0	11.8	6.3	18.1	296.1	236.4	532.5	6.1	55.6
Hobart	19.4	36.7	3.3	1.3	4.6	41.3	38.0	79.3	11.1	52.0
<i>Total</i>	<i>1,394.5</i>	<i>2,368.5</i>	<i>121.6</i>	<i>68.1</i>	<i>189.7</i>	<i>2,558.2</i>	<i>2,056.6</i>	<i>4,614.8</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>55.4</i>
PERSONS										
Sydney	1,459.6	1,857.9	88.2	35.2	123.4	1,981.3	1,097.7	3,079.1	6.2	64.3
Melbourne	1,174.2	1,570.1	109.5	37.4	146.9	1,717.0	922.2	2,639.3	8.6	65.1
Brisbane	541.9	738.7	50.0	19.5	69.5	808.2	418.9	1,227.2	8.6	65.9
Adelaide	343.8	486.6	43.5	10.7	54.2	540.8	341.3	882.1	10.0	61.3
Perth	468.8	636.7	37.4	11.6	49.0	685.7	357.3	1,043.1	7.1	65.7
Hobart	59.3	83.7	7.8	1.8	9.6	93.4	60.8	154.1	10.3	60.6
<i>Total</i>	<i>4,047.6</i>	<i>5,373.9</i>	<i>336.3</i>	<i>116.3</i>	<i>452.6</i>	<i>5,826.5</i>	<i>3,198.3</i>	<i>9,024.8</i>	<i>7.8</i>	<i>64.6</i>

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Persons							
	Males	Females		Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	25 and over		
		Married	Total					
— '000 —								
<i>Employed</i>								
Full-time workers	85.7	41.4	72.6	9.7	20.5	128.1	158.3	
Part-time workers	74.1	26.2	46.9	2.0	14.5	104.6	121.1	
Total	11.6	15.2	25.7	7.7	6.0	23.6	37.3	
<i>Unemployed</i>								
Looking for full-time work	7.0	2.2	6.5	3.4	3.3	7.0	13.6	
Looking for part-time work	5.0	1.6	3.8	1.2	2.4	5.3	8.8	
Total	2.0	* 0.5	2.7	2.2	* 0.9	1.6	4.7	
<i>Labour force</i>	92.8	43.5	79.1	13.1	23.7	135.1	171.9	
<i>Not in labour force</i>	22.7	20.4	40.2	9.0	4.6	49.3	62.9	
Aged 15-19 attending school	4.4	* 0.0	3.1	7.6	...	...	7.6
<i>Civilian population</i>	115.5	64.0	119.3	22.1	28.3	184.4	234.8	
— per cent —								
<i>Unemployment rate</i>	7.6	5.0	8.2	25.6	13.8	5.1	7.9	
Looking for full-time work	6.4	5.8	7.5	36.7	14.0	4.8	6.8	
Participation rate	80.3	68.1	66.3	59.2	83.9	73.3	73.2	
Employment/population ratio	74.2	64.7	60.8	44.0	72.3	69.5	67.4	
— number —								
Average weekly hours worked by employed persons	38.1	30.0	29.7	15.7	32.7	35.9	34.2	
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	48.0	40.2	44.9	25.0	30.3	64.5	46.5	

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Month	Males				Females				Persons			
	Employed		Unemp-	Partic-	Employed		Unemp-	Partic-	Employed		Unemp-	Partic-
	Full-time	workers	Total	loyed	Labour	force	rate	Full-time	workers	Total	loyed	rate
Month	- '000.		- per cent.		- '000.		- per cent.		- '000.		- per cent.	
1996 —												
July	1,411.5	1,590.7	141.4	1,732.1	8.2	72.4	728.7	1,200.4	98.7	1,299.0	7.6	52.4
August	1,416.5	1,596.5	153.4	1,749.9	8.8	73.0	733.7	1,201.6	97.8	1,299.4	7.5	52.3
September	1,420.4	1,596.9	141.5	1,738.3	8.1	72.5	720.4	1,195.2	103.6	1,298.8	8.0	52.2
October	1,423.3	1,601.7	141.8	1,743.5	8.1	72.6	731.9	1,210.0	106.2	1,310.3	7.6	52.6
November	1,424.2	1,593.0	141.3	1,734.3	8.1	72.1	730.5	1,206.2	87.1	1,293.4	6.7	51.9
December	1,432.4	1,610.1	136.2	1,746.4	7.8	72.5	731.9	1,210.7	102.1	1,312.7	7.8	52.6
NEW SOUTH WALES												
1997 —												
January	1,438.9	1,618.0	137.3	1,755.2	7.8	72.9	730.1	1,213.8	101.3	1,315.0	7.7	52.6
February	1,415.1	1,589.7	151.1	1,740.7	8.7	72.2	726.1	1,212.3	107.7	1,320.0	8.2	52.8
March	1,438.9	1,607.1	142.0	1,749.0	8.1	72.5	720.3	1,206.3	98.9	1,305.2	7.6	52.2
April	1,424.0	1,610.0	143.7	1,753.7	8.2	72.6	731.7	1,216.2	104.6	1,320.8	7.9	52.7
May	1,409.7	1,596.7	147.3	1,744.0	8.4	72.1	726.0	1,202.3	107.0	1,309.3	8.2	52.2
June	1,422.2	1,601.8	131.9	1,733.7	7.6	71.6	710.2	1,186.3	97.8	1,284.1	7.6	51.1
July	1,411.6	1,595.9	155.1	1,751.0	8.9	72.2	727.0	1,208.3	100.6	1,309.0	7.7	52.1
August	1,404.6	1,576.2	140.4	1,716.7	8.2	70.7	716.6	1,191.6	100.8	1,292.4	7.8	51.4
September	1,428.6	1,603.9	143.7	1,747.6	8.2	71.9	720.5	1,213.5	95.6	1,309.2	7.3	52.0
VICTORIA												
1996 —												
July	1,055.9	1,183.8	109.1	1,292.9	8.4	73.5	517.5	888.4	88.7	977.1	9.1	53.2
August	1,055.8	1,188.5	114.6	1,303.0	8.8	74.0	512.1	896.8	95.0	991.8	9.6	53.9
September	1,035.2	1,181.9	120.9	1,302.9	9.3	73.9	510.1	899.6	90.8	990.4	9.2	53.8
October	1,046.3	1,185.5	121.9	1,307.4	9.3	74.1	514.0	898.8	94.1	992.9	9.5	53.9
November	1,049.1	1,194.8	118.5	1,313.3	9.0	74.3	516.4	912.3	93.3	1,005.6	9.3	54.5
December	1,043.0	1,185.0	120.2	1,305.2	9.2	73.8	511.7	910.4	89.8	1,000.2	9.0	54.2
VICTORIA												
1997 —												
January	1,956.7	1,193.5	117.5	1,311.0	9.0	74.1	516.2	921.4	86.4	1,007.8	8.6	54.5
February	1,046.8	1,182.8	120.1	1,302.9	9.2	73.5	512.4	916.8	88.0	1,004.8	8.8	54.3
March	1,040.9	1,186.5	122.3	1,308.8	9.3	73.8	502.9	901.3	88.9	990.2	9.0	53.5
April	1,045.7	1,187.3	120.7	1,307.9	9.2	73.7	510.3	915.5	90.8	1,006.3	9.0	54.3
May	1,044.0	1,183.5	115.7	1,299.3	8.9	73.1	505.4	902.2	94.5	996.7	9.5	53.7
June	1,033.5	1,182.0	126.0	1,307.9	9.6	73.5	517.2	917.9	92.0	1,009.8	9.1	54.4
July	1,040.5	1,184.1	117.3	1,301.4	9.0	73.1	512.7	908.1	88.3	996.4	8.9	53.6
August	1,033.0	1,174.7	117.9	1,292.6	9.1	72.5	502.9	895.4	95.5	991.0	9.6	53.3
September	1,031.8	1,185.5	121.0	1,306.5	9.3	73.2	512.8	917.9	87.3	1,005.2	8.7	54.0

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

Month	Males						Females						Persons						
	Employed		Unemp-		Partic-		Employed		Unemp-		Partic-		Employed		Unemp-		Labour		
	Full-time	workers	Total	Unemp-	Labour	parti-	Full-time	workers	Total	Unemp-	Labour	parti-	Full-time	workers	Total	loyed	Total	loyed	force	rate
—per cent.—																			
1996—																			
July	782.0	883.8	88.7	972.5	9.1	74.9	373.9	656.9	66.8	723.7	9.2	54.8	1,155.9	1,540.7	155.5	1,696.2	9.2	64.8	
August	776.1	876.1	99.5	975.6	10.2	75.0	381.8	661.6	66.8	728.4	9.2	55.0	1,160.6	1,537.7	166.3	1,704.0	9.8	64.9	
September	781.2	880.3	93.3	973.6	9.6	74.7	382.8	662.3	67.1	729.4	9.2	55.0	1,163.9	1,542.7	160.3	1,703.0	9.4	64.8	
October	781.4	876.5	97.0	973.6	10.0	74.6	381.9	660.3	69.4	729.8	9.5	54.9	1,163.3	1,536.9	166.4	1,703.3	9.8	64.7	
November	783.2	886.8	86.5	973.3	8.9	74.4	378.0	657.4	67.7	725.1	9.3	54.5	1,161.2	1,544.2	154.3	1,698.5	9.1	64.4	
December	783.4	882.0	93.6	975.7	9.6	74.5	382.4	662.1	70.0	732.1	9.6	54.9	1,165.8	1,544.2	163.6	1,707.8	9.6	64.6	
QUEENSLAND																			
1997—																			
January	774.5	882.4	97.3	979.7	9.9	74.6	370.4	659.4	75.4	734.8	10.3	55.0	1,144.9	1,541.8	172.7	1,714.5	10.1	64.7	
February	777.9	874.2	97.4	971.6	10.0	73.9	377.9	675.5	69.0	744.5	9.3	55.6	1,155.8	1,549.7	166.4	1,716.1	9.7	64.7	
March	762.2	867.9	104.9	971.9	10.7	73.8	375.5	669.5	64.3	733.8	8.8	54.7	1,137.7	1,537.4	168.3	1,705.7	9.9	64.1	
April	766.4	876.3	96.3	972.6	9.9	73.7	375.6	671.5	66.4	737.9	9.0	54.9	1,142.0	1,547.8	162.8	1,710.5	9.5	64.2	
May	771.9	879.7	93.7	973.3	9.6	73.6	374.7	669.4	71.9	741.3	9.7	55.1	1,146.5	1,549.1	165.5	1,714.6	9.7	64.3	
June	766.3	883.8	88.5	972.3	9.1	73.4	365.1	679.7	64.7	744.4	8.7	55.2	1,131.4	1,563.5	153.2	1,716.7	8.9	64.2	
July	787.5	889.0	94.8	983.8	9.6	74.2	381.6	683.3	62.5	745.8	8.4	55.2	1,169.1	1,572.3	157.3	1,729.6	9.1	64.6	
August	775.5	887.6	100.4	988.0	10.2	74.4	386.2	679.0	70.4	749.4	9.4	55.4	1,161.7	1,566.5	170.8	1,737.4	9.8	64.8	
September	776.2	885.9	94.3	980.3	9.6	73.7	380.5	684.1	68.7	752.8	9.1	55.6	1,156.7	1,570.0	163.0	1,733.0	9.4	64.5	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA																			
1996—																			
July	323.4	370.7	40.2	410.9	9.8	71.1	151.0	291.1	27.6	318.8	8.7	53.2	474.4	661.8	67.8	729.6	9.3	62.0	
August	318.4	368.2	41.7	410.0	10.2	70.9	150.2	290.4	28.5	318.8	8.9	53.2	468.6	658.6	70.2	728.8	9.6	61.9	
September	317.1	365.9	42.6	408.6	10.4	70.6	151.1	290.4	27.9	318.3	8.8	53.1	468.2	656.3	70.5	726.9	9.7	61.7	
October	318.9	367.2	41.2	408.4	10.1	70.5	151.6	294.8	27.6	322.4	8.6	53.7	470.5	662.0	68.7	730.8	9.4	62.0	
November	320.8	368.1	42.8	410.8	10.4	70.9	148.2	288.6	26.5	315.1	8.4	52.5	469.0	656.7	69.3	725.9	9.5	61.5	
December	321.6	368.8	41.4	410.2	10.1	70.7	150.5	289.0	28.4	317.4	8.9	52.9	472.0	657.8	69.8	727.5	9.6	61.6	
1997—																			
January	323.1	368.0	40.7	408.7	10.0	70.5	150.6	291.7	26.6	318.3	8.4	53.0	473.6	659.7	67.3	727.0	9.3	61.6	
February	320.5	369.0	41.4	410.4	10.1	70.7	150.1	293.7	27.0	320.7	8.4	53.4	470.6	662.7	68.4	731.2	9.4	61.9	
March	320.2	372.4	42.0	414.3	10.1	71.4	150.1	295.1	28.0	323.1	8.7	53.7	470.3	667.5	69.9	737.5	9.5	62.4	
April	322.1	368.7	44.5	413.1	10.8	71.1	150.6	292.1	26.6	318.6	8.3	53.0	472.8	660.8	71.0	731.8	9.7	61.9	
May	318.8	370.1	45.1	415.2	10.9	71.4	149.9	288.3	26.2	314.5	8.3	52.3	468.7	658.4	71.3	729.8	9.8	61.7	
June	324.6	375.5	42.3	417.8	10.1	71.9	152.6	289.3	29.1	318.9	9.1	53.0	477.2	665.3	71.4	736.7	9.7	62.2	
July	325.6	373.3	43.2	416.5	10.4	71.6	149.3	287.9	28.9	316.7	9.1	52.6	475.0	661.2	72.1	733.3	9.8	61.9	
August	325.9	375.7	42.5	418.1	10.2	71.8	145.0	286.2	27.4	313.6	8.7	52.0	470.9	661.9	69.8	731.7	9.5	61.7	
September	325.3	375.7	44.1	419.8	10.5	72.0	143.9	286.9	28.1	315.0	8.9	52.2	469.3	662.5	72.2	734.7	9.8	62.0	

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

Month	Males				Females				Persons						
	Employed		Unemp. workers	Labour force	Employed		Unemp. workers	Labour force	Employed		Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Partic- ipation rate	Partic- ipation rate	
	Full-time workers	Total Unemp- loyed	'000	- per cent -	Full-time workers	Total Unemp- loyed	'000	Total Unemp- loyed	'000	Full-time workers	Total Unemp- loyed	'000	Total Unemp- loyed	'000	- per cent -
WESTERN AUSTRALIA															
1996—															
July	432.1	481.4	40.7	522.1	7.8	76.4	197.3	360.9	29.1	390.0	7.5	56.5	629.3	842.3	69.8
August	426.1	481.3	43.3	524.6	8.3	76.6	201.4	367.9	28.6	396.5	7.2	57.4	627.6	849.2	71.9
September	426.0	480.4	41.9	522.3	8.0	76.1	200.1	365.3	27.3	392.6	7.0	56.7	626.1	845.7	69.2
October	430.3	484.0	42.8	526.8	8.1	76.6	194.3	360.8	27.4	388.2	7.1	55.9	624.6	844.8	70.2
November	429.9	480.3	41.9	522.2	8.0	75.8	195.3	364.0	27.8	391.8	7.1	56.3	625.2	844.3	69.7
December	428.5	483.7	41.3	525.0	7.9	76.1	197.6	366.5	29.6	396.1	7.5	56.8	626.0	850.2	70.9
1997—															
January	434.3	491.4	36.7	528.1	7.0	76.4	194.8	364.5	33.4	397.9	8.4	57.0	629.1	855.9	70.1
February	435.9	491.2	38.4	529.6	7.3	76.5	189.7	366.5	32.3	398.8	8.1	57.0	625.6	857.7	70.8
March	433.0	490.2	37.4	527.6	7.1	76.1	187.8	359.4	31.6	391.0	8.1	55.8	620.8	849.6	69.0
April	434.6	490.4	36.2	526.7	6.9	75.8	191.7	356.8	31.5	388.4	8.1	55.4	626.3	847.3	67.8
May	436.1	492.0	37.2	529.2	7.0	76.1	191.7	355.9	26.2	382.1	6.9	54.4	627.8	847.9	63.5
June	437.5	495.5	38.2	533.7	7.2	76.5	186.6	356.1	27.5	383.6	7.2	54.5	624.1	851.6	65.7
July	439.1	491.0	39.1	530.2	7.4	75.9	198.7	362.4	26.8	389.3	6.9	55.2	637.8	853.4	66.0
August	440.2	497.4	38.8	536.2	7.2	76.6	197.1	365.2	28.4	393.6	7.2	55.7	637.3	862.6	67.2
September	442.6	496.2	40.6	536.9	7.6	76.6	201.8	374.6	24.7	399.2	6.2	56.4	644.3	870.8	65.3
TASMANIA															
1996—															
July	100.5	115.1	15.3	130.4	11.8	72.0	40.8	85.1	9.6	94.6	10.1	50.5	141.3	200.2	24.9
August	102.9	117.7	14.1	131.8	10.7	72.7	42.1	85.6	9.1	94.7	9.6	50.5	145.9	203.3	23.2
September	101.2	115.6	14.4	130.1	11.1	71.7	41.9	84.0	9.5	93.4	10.1	49.8	143.2	199.6	23.9
October	99.9	114.4	14.2	128.6	11.1	70.9	42.6	85.3	9.8	95.0	10.3	50.6	142.5	199.6	24.0
November	100.0	114.8	12.8	127.6	10.1	70.3	43.1	84.0	9.4	93.5	10.1	49.8	143.1	198.8	22.3
December	99.4	113.0	14.7	127.7	11.5	70.3	41.6	82.6	9.0	91.5	9.8	48.8	141.0	195.6	23.7
1997—															
January	98.7	113.4	13.6	126.9	10.7	69.9	41.1	84.5	9.3	93.8	9.9	49.9	139.8	197.8	22.9
February	100.2	112.1	14.7	126.8	11.6	69.8	40.6	83.3	9.5	92.9	10.3	49.4	140.8	195.4	24.2
March	98.6	113.4	14.0	127.4	11.0	70.1	40.6	82.6	9.7	92.3	10.5	49.2	139.2	196.0	23.7
April	97.0	111.5	15.4	126.8	12.1	69.8	42.0	83.3	8.3	91.5	9.1	48.7	139.1	194.7	23.6
May	97.6	112.3	13.4	125.6	10.6	69.2	42.0	82.3	9.3	91.6	10.2	48.8	139.6	194.5	22.7
June	96.6	110.6	13.7	124.3	11.0	68.4	39.0	79.4	9.8	89.2	11.0	47.5	135.5	189.9	23.5
July	95.8	110.4	15.4	125.9	12.2	69.3	37.7	80.1	8.7	88.8	9.8	47.3	133.5	190.6	24.1
August	97.5	113.1	14.0	127.1	11.0	69.9	38.3	81.8	10.2	91.9	11.0	48.9	135.8	194.9	24.2
September	97.9	112.9	13.4	126.3	10.6	69.5	38.7	78.2	11.4	89.7	12.7	47.7	136.5	191.1	24.8

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES

Month	Males										Females										Persons				
	Employed			Unemp. Full-time workers			Labour force - 9000 -			Employed			Unemp. Full-time workers			Labour force			Unemp. Total labor force - 9000 -		Labour layment - per cent.		Partic- ipation rate - per cent.	Partic- ipation rate - per cent.	
	Full-time	Unemp.	Labour force	Total	Unemp.	Labour force	Total	Unemp.	Labour force	Total	Unemp.	Labour force	Total	Unemp.	Labour force	Total	Unemp.	Labour force	Unemp. Total labor force - 9000 -	Labour layment - per cent.	Unemp. Total labor force - 9000 -	Labour layment - per cent.			
<i>1996 —</i>																									
July	1,412.3	1,592.3	144.8	1,737.1	8.3	72.6	723.1	1,197.9	98.2	1,296.1	7.6	52.3	2,135.4	2,790.2	243.0	3,033.2	8.0	62.3							
August	1,416.0	1,594.8	144.2	1,739.0	8.3	72.6	725.8	1,200.0	98.0	1,298.0	7.5	52.3	2,141.9	2,794.8	242.2	3,037.0	8.0	62.3							
September	1,419.9	1,597.5	143.1	1,740.6	8.2	72.6	728.6	1,202.8	97.8	1,300.6	7.5	52.3	2,148.4	2,800.3	241.0	3,041.3	7.9	62.3							
October	1,423.6	1,600.0	142.0	1,742.0	8.2	72.5	730.3	1,205.5	98.0	1,303.4	7.5	52.4	2,153.9	2,805.4	240.0	3,045.4	7.9	62.3							
November	1,427.2	1,602.3	141.0	1,743.3	8.1	72.5	730.3	1,207.8	98.4	1,306.3	7.5	52.4	2,157.5	2,810.2	239.4	3,049.6	7.9	62.3							
December	1,429.6	1,604.3	140.8	1,745.1	8.1	72.5	729.8	1,210.4	99.4	1,309.8	7.6	52.5	2,159.4	2,814.6	240.2	3,054.8	7.9	62.3							
<i>1997 —</i>																									
January	1,430.4	1,605.4	141.3	1,746.6	8.1	72.5	729.0	1,212.0	100.8	1,312.7	7.7	52.6	2,159.4	2,817.3	242.1	3,059.4	7.9	62.3							
February	1,429.5	1,605.9	142.3	1,748.2	8.1	72.5	727.8	1,211.8	102.4	1,314.2	7.8	52.6	2,157.4	2,817.7	244.7	3,062.4	8.0	62.4							
March r	1,426.7	1,605.2	143.4	1,748.5	8.2	72.5	726.1	1,209.6	103.6	1,313.1	7.9	52.5	2,157.9	2,814.7	246.9	3,061.7	8.1	62.3							
April r	1,422.8	1,603.0	143.8	1,746.9	8.2	72.3	724.2	1,206.2	103.7	1,310.0	7.9	52.3	2,147.0	2,809.2	247.6	3,056.8	8.1	62.1							
May r	1,419.0	1,600.1	143.9	1,744.0	8.3	72.1	722.7	1,203.1	102.8	1,305.9	7.9	52.1	2,141.7	2,803.2	246.7	3,049.9	8.1	61.9							
June r	1,416.4	1,597.4	143.7	1,741.1	8.3	71.9	721.4	1,201.0	101.5	1,302.5	7.8	51.9	2,137.8	2,798.4	245.2	3,043.6	8.1	61.7							
July r	1,415.0	1,595.0	143.6	1,738.7	8.3	71.7	720.3	1,200.2	100.3	1,300.5	7.7	51.7	2,135.3	2,795.2	244.0	3,039.2	8.0	61.6							
August r	1,414.8	1,593.3	143.6	1,737.0	8.3	71.6	719.5	1,200.5	99.1	1,299.6	7.6	51.6	2,134.3	2,793.8	242.7	3,036.5	8.0	61.4							
September	1,414.3	1,591.2	144.1	1,735.3	8.3	71.4	718.9	1,201.6	98.2	1,299.9	7.6	51.6	2,133.3	2,792.8	242.3	3,035.2	8.0	61.3							
<i>1996 —</i>																									
<i>1997 —</i>																									
January	1,053.2	1,185.3	112.3	1,297.5	8.7	73.7	514.3	893.8	88.2	982.0	9.0	53.5	1,567.5	2,079.0	200.5	2,279.5	8.8	63.4							
February	1,050.7	1,186.3	114.3	1,300.6	8.8	73.8	513.9	895.7	90.5	986.2	9.2	53.6	1,564.6	2,082.0	204.8	2,286.8	9.0	63.5							
March r	1,048.1	1,187.0	116.8	1,303.8	9.0	73.9	513.6	899.1	92.1	991.2	9.3	53.8	1,561.7	2,086.1	208.9	2,295.0	9.1	63.7							
April r	1,046.5	1,187.6	118.9	1,306.4	9.1	74.0	513.7	903.7	92.5	996.2	9.3	54.1	1,560.2	2,091.3	211.4	2,302.7	9.2	63.8							
October	1,046.3	1,188.2	120.2	1,308.4	9.2	74.0	513.9	908.7	91.7	1,000.3	9.2	54.2	1,560.2	2,096.9	211.9	2,308.7	9.2	63.9							
November	1,047.2	1,188.7	120.3	1,309.0	9.2	74.0	513.4	912.1	90.2	1,002.4	9.0	54.3	1,560.5	2,100.8	210.5	2,311.3	9.1	63.9							
<i>1996 —</i>																									
January	1,047.8	1,188.4	120.0	1,308.5	9.2	73.9	512.1	913.6	89.2	1,002.7	8.9	54.3	1,559.9	2,102.0	209.2	2,311.2	9.1	63.9							
February	1,047.5	1,187.7	119.9	1,307.7	9.2	73.8	510.8	913.6	88.9	1,002.5	8.9	54.2	1,558.3	2,101.3	208.9	2,310.2	9.0	63.8							
March r	1,046.0	1,186.5	120.1	1,306.6	9.2	73.7	509.7	912.4	89.5	1,001.9	8.9	54.1	1,555.7	2,098.9	209.6	2,308.5	9.1	63.7							
April r	1,043.6	1,185.1	120.3	1,305.4	9.2	73.6	509.2	910.5	90.5	1,001.0	9.0	54.0	1,552.8	2,095.6	210.8	2,306.4	9.1	63.6							
May r	1,041.1	1,183.9	120.2	1,304.1	9.2	73.4	509.4	909.0	91.4	1,000.4	9.1	53.9	1,550.6	2,092.9	211.6	2,304.5	9.2	63.5							
June r	1,038.7	1,182.8	120.0	1,302.8	9.2	73.2	509.9	908.3	91.8	1,000.1	9.2	53.9	1,548.6	2,091.1	211.8	2,302.8	9.2	63.3							
July r	1,036.5	1,181.9	119.8	1,301.6	9.2	73.1	510.3	908.1	91.6	999.8	9.2	53.8	1,546.8	2,090.0	211.4	2,301.4	9.2	63.2							
August r	1,034.7	1,181.3	119.6	1,300.9	9.2	73.0	510.5	908.3	91.3	999.5	9.1	53.7	1,545.1	2,089.6	210.8	2,300.4	9.2	63.1							
September	1,033.0	1,180.7	119.4	1,300.1	9.2	72.9	510.8	909.1	90.7	999.8	9.1	53.7	1,543.8	2,089.8	210.1	2,299.9	9.1	63.1							

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES, TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Males		Females		Persons	
	Employed	Unemp. -workers	Unemp. loyed	Unemp. force	Panic- ipation	Employed
	Full-time workers	Total -workers	Full-time loyed	Full-time force	rate -per cent-	Full-time workers
<i>1996—</i>						
July	780.0	880.4	92.2	972.6	9.5	74.9
August	780.3	880.2	92.3	973.4	9.6	74.9
September	781.3	880.6	93.5	974.1	9.6	74.8
October	782.0	881.1	93.6	974.7	9.6	74.7
November	781.6	881.2	93.9	975.1	9.6	74.6
December	779.7	880.2	94.9	975.1	9.7	74.4
<i>1997—</i>						
January	776.2	878.3	96.3	974.5	9.9	74.2
February	772.5	876.4	97.2	973.6	10.0	74.0
March r	769.8	875.5	97.4	972.9	10.0	73.9
April r	769.1	876.5	96.7	973.2	9.9	73.7
May r	770.4	879.2	95.5	974.7	9.8	73.7
June r	772.8	882.4	94.6	977.1	9.7	73.8
July r	775.3	885.3	94.4	979.7	9.6	73.9
August r	777.3	887.5	94.7	982.2	9.6	73.9
September	779.3	889.1	94.9	984.0	9.6	74.0
<i>QUEENSLAND</i>						
<i>1996—</i>						
July	750.0	880.4	92.2	972.6	9.5	74.9
August	780.3	880.2	92.3	973.4	9.6	74.9
September	781.3	880.6	93.5	974.1	9.6	74.8
October	782.0	881.1	93.6	974.7	9.6	74.7
November	781.6	881.2	93.9	975.1	9.6	74.6
December	779.7	880.2	94.9	975.1	9.7	74.6
<i>1997—</i>						
January	776.2	878.3	96.3	974.5	9.9	74.2
February	772.5	876.4	97.2	973.6	10.0	74.0
March r	769.8	875.5	97.4	972.9	10.0	73.9
April r	769.1	876.5	96.7	973.2	9.9	73.7
May r	770.4	879.2	95.5	974.7	9.8	73.7
June r	772.8	882.4	94.6	977.1	9.7	73.8
July r	775.3	885.3	94.4	979.7	9.6	73.9
August r	777.3	887.5	94.7	982.2	9.6	73.9
September	779.3	889.1	94.9	984.0	9.6	74.0
<i>SOUTH AUSTRALIA</i>						
<i>1996—</i>						
July	320.7	368.9	41.0	409.9	10.0	70.9
August	319.7	368.4	41.2	409.6	10.1	70.8
September	319.4	367.8	41.5	409.3	10.1	70.7
October	319.5	367.6	41.7	409.2	10.2	70.7
November	320.1	367.7	41.7	409.3	10.2	70.6
December	320.7	368.0	41.6	409.6	10.1	70.6
<i>1997—</i>						
January	321.1	368.7	41.6	410.3	10.1	70.7
February	321.2	369.3	42.0	411.3	10.2	70.9
March r	321.1	370.0	42.6	412.6	10.3	71.1
April r	321.4	370.8	43.1	413.9	10.4	71.3
May r	322.1	371.8	43.4	415.3	10.5	71.5
June r	323.2	373.0	43.5	416.5	10.4	71.6
July r	324.3	374.0	43.4	417.5	10.4	71.7
August r	325.3	375.0	43.4	418.4	10.4	71.8
September	326.1	375.7	43.3	419.0	10.3	71.9

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES--continued

Month	Males										Females										Persons - per cent -	
	Employed			Unemp- loyed			Partic- ipation			Employed			Unemp- loyed			Partic- ipation			Employed			
	Full-time workers	Unemp- loyed Total	Labour force - '000-																			
WESTERN AUSTRALIA																						
1996—																						
July	427.5	479.9	42.1	522.0	8.1	76.4	197.5	360.5	28.1	388.7	7.2	56.3	624.9	840.4	70.2	910.6	7.7	66.3				
August	427.7	480.5	42.4	522.9	8.1	76.4	198.1	362.7	28.1	390.8	7.2	56.5	625.8	843.2	70.5	913.7	7.7	66.4				
September	428.1	481.2	42.5	523.7	8.1	76.3	198.3	364.4	28.1	392.4	7.1	56.6	626.5	845.5	70.5	916.1	7.7	66.4				
October	428.8	482.3	42.1	524.4	8.0	76.3	197.8	365.1	28.3	393.4	7.2	56.7	626.6	847.4	70.4	917.8	7.7	66.4				
November	429.8	483.8	41.3	525.1	7.9	76.3	196.5	365.3	29.1	394.4	7.4	56.7	626.3	849.1	70.4	919.5	7.7	66.4				
December	431.1	485.7	40.2	525.9	7.6	76.2	194.8	365.0	30.2	395.3	7.7	56.7	625.9	850.7	70.4	921.1	7.6	66.4				
1997—																						
January	432.4	487.7	38.9	526.6	7.4	76.2	193.0	364.0	31.3	395.3	7.9	56.6	625.4	851.7	70.2	921.9	7.6	66.4				
February	433.6	489.5	37.9	527.4	7.2	76.2	191.4	362.4	31.6	394.0	8.0	56.4	625.0	851.9	69.5	921.4	7.5	66.2				
March r	434.4	490.9	37.2	528.1	7.0	76.2	190.3	360.2	31.2	391.5	8.0	55.9	624.7	851.1	68.4	919.5	7.4	66.0				
April r	435.3	491.8	37.1	528.9	7.0	76.1	190.0	358.4	30.2	388.7	7.8	55.4	625.3	850.2	67.3	917.5	7.3	65.7				
May r	436.3	492.4	37.5	529.9	7.1	76.2	190.9	358.1	29.0	387.0	7.5	55.1	627.2	850.5	66.4	916.9	7.2	65.6				
June r	437.5	493.2	38.0	531.3	7.2	76.2	192.7	359.4	27.8	387.3	7.2	55.0	630.3	852.7	65.9	918.6	7.2	65.5				
July r	438.9	494.2	38.7	532.9	7.3	76.3	194.9	362.0	27.0	389.0	6.9	55.1	633.8	856.2	65.7	921.8	7.1	65.7				
August r	440.2	495.2	39.2	534.5	7.3	76.4	197.2	364.9	26.4	391.3	6.7	55.4	637.5	860.2	65.6	925.7	7.1	65.8				
September	441.5	496.1	39.8	536.0	7.4	76.5	199.3	368.3	25.8	394.1	6.6	55.7	640.9	864.4	65.7	930.1	7.1	66.0				
TASMANIA																						
1996—																						
July	101.2	115.9	14.8	130.7	11.3	72.1	42.2	85.2	9.2	94.5	9.8	50.4	143.4	201.1	24.1	225.2	10.7	61.1				
August	101.2	115.9	14.6	130.4	11.2	71.9	42.1	85.0	9.4	94.4	10.0	50.4	143.3	200.9	24.0	224.8	10.7	61.0				
September	101.0	115.6	14.3	129.9	11.0	71.6	42.1	84.7	9.5	94.2	10.1	50.2	143.1	200.3	23.7	224.1	10.6	60.7				
October	100.6	115.1	14.0	129.1	10.9	71.1	42.2	84.4	9.5	93.9	10.1	50.1	142.7	199.5	23.5	222.9	10.5	60.4				
November	100.1	114.4	13.9	128.3	10.8	70.7	42.0	84.1	9.4	93.5	10.1	49.8	142.2	198.4	23.3	221.8	10.5	60.1				
December	99.7	113.7	14.0	127.6	10.9	70.3	41.8	83.8	9.4	93.2	10.1	49.6	141.5	197.5	23.3	220.8	10.6	59.8				
1997—																						
January	99.3	113.1	14.1	127.2	11.1	70.1	41.6	83.6	9.3	93.0	10.0	49.5	140.9	196.8	23.4	220.2	10.6	59.6				
February	98.9	112.7	14.2	126.9	11.2	69.9	41.4	83.3	9.3	92.6	10.0	49.3	140.3	196.0	23.5	219.5	10.7	59.4				
March r	98.4	112.3	14.3	126.6	11.3	69.7	41.2	82.9	9.2	92.1	10.0	49.0	139.5	195.2	23.5	218.7	10.7	59.2				
April r	97.8	111.9	14.4	126.2	11.4	69.5	40.9	82.4	9.1	91.5	10.0	48.7	138.6	194.3	23.5	217.8	10.8	58.9				
May r	97.3	111.6	14.3	126.0	11.4	69.3	40.4	81.7	9.2	91.0	10.1	48.4	137.7	193.4	23.5	216.9	10.9	58.7				
June r	97.0	111.6	14.3	125.8	11.3	69.3	39.8	81.1	9.4	90.5	10.4	48.1	136.7	192.6	23.7	216.3	10.9	58.5				
July r	96.8	111.7	14.2	125.8	11.3	69.2	39.1	80.4	9.7	90.1	10.8	48.0	135.9	192.1	23.9	216.0	11.1	58.4				
August r	96.9	111.9	14.1	125.9	11.2	69.3	38.5	79.9	10.1	89.9	11.2	47.9	135.4	191.8	24.1	215.9	11.2	58.4				
September	97.1	112.1	14.0	126.1	11.1	69.3	38.0	79.4	10.4	89.9	11.6	47.8	135.1	191.6	24.4	216.0	11.3	58.4				

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Males										Females										Persons												
	Employed			Unemp- loyed			Partic- ipation			Employed			Unemp- loyed			Labour force			Partic- ipation			Employed			Unemp- loyed			Labour force			Partic- ipation		
	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate	Full-time workers	Total workers	Unemp- loyed -per cent.	Labour force rate			
NORTHERN TERRITORY																																	
1996—																																	
July	40.3	45.8	2.7	48.5	5.6	75.8	25.3	37.7	2.6	40.4	6.5	64.8	65.7	83.5	5.4	88.9	6.0	70.3															
August	40.4	46.0	2.5	48.5	5.2	75.8	25.4	37.8	2.4	40.2	5.9	64.5	65.8	83.9	4.9	88.8	5.5	70.2															
September	40.2	46.1	2.3	48.4	4.8	75.6	25.2	37.7	2.2	39.9	5.5	64.0	65.4	83.8	4.5	88.4	5.1	69.9															
October	40.0	46.0	2.3	48.2	4.7	75.2	24.8	37.5	2.1	39.6	5.3	63.2	64.7	83.5	4.4	87.8	5.0	69.3															
November	39.8	45.7	2.3	48.1	4.9	74.7	24.2	37.2	2.0	39.2	5.2	62.4	63.9	82.9	4.4	87.3	5.0	68.6															
December	39.7	45.5	2.5	47.9	5.1	74.4	23.7	36.9	2.0	38.9	5.1	61.8	63.3	82.4	4.4	86.8	5.1	68.2															
1997—																																	
January	39.7	45.4	2.6	48.0	5.5	74.4	23.4	36.9	2.1	38.9	5.3	61.6	63.1	82.2	4.7	86.9	5.4	68.1															
February	39.8	45.5	2.8	48.3	5.9	74.7	23.4	37.1	2.2	39.3	5.6	62.1	63.2	82.6	5.0	87.6	5.7	68.4															
March r	39.9	45.8	3.0	48.8	6.1	75.4	23.5	37.6	2.4	39.9	5.9	62.9	63.4	83.4	5.4	88.7	6.0	69.2															
April r	40.0	46.3	3.0	49.3	6.2	76.1	23.8	38.1	2.5	40.6	6.1	63.9	63.7	84.4	5.5	89.9	6.1	70.0															
May r	39.9	46.5	3.0	49.6	6.1	76.4	24.1	38.6	2.5	41.1	6.0	64.5	64.0	85.1	5.5	90.7	6.1	70.5															
June r	39.7	46.5	3.0	49.6	6.1	76.3	24.4	38.8	2.4	41.2	6.0	64.6	64.1	85.4	5.4	90.8	5.9	70.5															
July (a) r	39.4	46.4	3.0	49.4	6.1	76.0	24.7	38.8	2.2	41.0	5.4	64.1	64.2	85.2	5.2	90.4	5.8	70.1															
August (a) r	39.1	46.0	3.0	49.0	6.1	75.4	25.1	38.6	2.0	40.6	4.9	63.4	64.2	84.6	5.0	89.6	5.6	69.5															
September (a)	38.8	45.7	3.0	48.7	6.2	75.0	25.4	38.3	1.8	40.1	4.4	62.6	64.2	84.1	4.8	88.8	5.4	68.8															
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY																																	
1996—																																	
July	72.8	83.5	7.6	91.1	8.4	79.8	43.6	71.6	6.7	78.3	8.6	66.0	116.4	155.1	14.3	169.4	8.5	72.8															
August	72.7	83.3	7.6	90.9	8.4	79.5	43.4	71.1	6.7	77.8	8.7	65.5	116.0	154.3	14.4	168.7	8.5	72.4															
September	72.4	83.0	7.7	90.6	8.5	79.1	43.0	70.5	6.7	77.2	8.7	64.9	115.5	153.4	14.4	167.9	8.6	71.9															
October	72.1	82.6	7.8	90.4	8.6	78.8	42.7	70.0	6.6	76.6	8.6	64.3	114.8	152.6	14.4	167.0	8.5	71.4															
November	71.8	82.3	7.9	90.1	8.7	78.6	42.7	70.0	6.3	76.3	8.3	64.0	114.5	152.2	14.2	166.4	8.5	71.1															
December	71.5	82.0	7.9	89.9	8.8	78.3	43.1	70.5	5.8	76.4	7.7	64.0	114.6	152.6	13.7	166.3	8.3	71.0															
1997—																																	
January	71.4	82.0	7.8	89.8	8.7	78.1	44.0	71.6	5.4	77.0	7.0	64.5	115.3	153.6	13.2	166.8	7.9	71.2															
February	71.4	82.3	7.6	89.9	8.5	78.1	45.1	72.9	5.0	77.9	6.5	65.3	116.5	155.2	12.7	167.8	7.5	71.6															
March r	71.6	82.8	7.3	90.1	8.1	78.2	46.3	74.0	4.9	79.0	6.2	66.1	117.8	156.9	12.2	169.1	7.2	72.0															
April r	71.9	83.5	7.0	90.5	7.7	78.5	47.0	74.6	5.1	79.7	6.4	66.8	118.9	158.1	12.1	170.2	7.1	72.5															
May r	72.4	84.1	6.8	90.9	7.5	78.8	47.3	74.5	5.4	80.0	6.8	67.0	119.6	158.6	12.3	170.9	7.2	72.8															
June r	72.9	84.6	6.8	91.4	7.4	79.2	47.2	74.0	5.8	79.8	7.3	66.8	120.0	158.6	12.7	171.2	7.4	72.9															
July (a) r	73.3	85.0	6.9	91.9	7.5	79.6	47.0	73.3	6.2	79.5	7.8	66.6	120.2	158.2	13.1	171.3	7.7	73.0															
August (a) r	73.7	85.2	7.0	92.3	7.6	79.9	46.8	72.6	6.5	79.1	8.2	66.3	120.5	157.8	13.6	171.4	7.9	73.0															
September (a)	74.0	85.4	7.2	92.6	7.8	80.2	46.5	71.9	6.8	78.7	8.6	66.0	120.5	157.3	14.0	171.3	8.2	73.0															

(a) These estimates may be subject to significant revisions as data for later months become available.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1997

Age group	Number ('000)					Participation rate (per cent)				
	Females					Females				
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-64	5,180.3	2,370.0	1,624.3	3,994.3	9,174.6	83.4	63.6	67.0	64.9	74.2
15-19	377.1	10.0	346.7	356.6	733.8	57.0	50.9	56.9	56.7	56.9
20-24	598.9	118.9	398.8	517.8	1,116.6	86.6	68.3	79.7	76.7	81.7
25-34	1,336.1	619.8	377.3	997.1	2,333.2	93.7	65.2	77.0	69.2	81.4
35-44	1,310.7	788.1	253.4	1,041.5	2,352.2	93.1	73.0	72.4	72.9	82.9
45-54	1,068.8	641.5	186.9	828.4	1,897.3	87.7	69.3	69.9	69.5	78.7
55-59	316.5	137.2	43.9	181.1	497.7	71.9	43.3	40.8	42.7	57.5
60-64	172.2	54.4	17.3	71.8	243.9	47.7	20.7	17.5	19.8	33.7
65 and over	105.8	23.8	15.2	39.0	144.8	10.8	4.5	2.1	3.1	6.4
Total	5,286.1	2,393.8	1,639.5	4,033.3	9,319.4	73.5	56.2	51.9	54.4	63.8

TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Unemployed					Civilian popula-				
	Employed		Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Population aged 15-19	Unemployment rate - per cent
	Full-time workers	Total	time work	time work	Total	'000				
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME (a)										
Males	139.9	164.8	40.3	* 1.8	42.1	206.9	13.3	220.2	20.3	94.0
Females	73.2	112.9	27.3	* 2.1	29.4	142.3	24.6	166.9	20.7	85.2
Persons	213.1	277.7	67.6	* 3.9	71.5	349.2	37.9	387.1	20.5	90.2
Left school —										
Before 1995	44.9	55.7	14.0	* 0.5	14.5	70.2	8.4	78.6	20.7	89.3
1995	82.3	99.4	22.1	* 0.6	22.6	122.0	11.9	133.9	18.6	91.1
1996 to survey date	85.9	122.7	31.5	* 2.8	34.3	157.0	17.3	174.3	21.9	90.1
Age —										
15	* 3.0	5.6	* 2.7	* 0.6	* 3.3	8.9	* 3.5	12.4	* 37.6	71.9
16	16.9	23.2	9.8	* 0.8	10.5	33.7	4.9	38.6	31.2	87.2
17	34.8	45.5	10.1	* 0.8	10.9	56.3	4.7	61.1	19.3	92.2
18	67.9	87.3	21.5	* 0.8	22.3	109.6	13.3	122.9	20.4	89.2
19	90.5	116.2	23.5	* 0.9	24.4	140.6	11.4	152.1	17.4	92.5
ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	* 1.6	35.6	* 2.4	8.5	10.9	46.5	44.5	91.0	23.4	51.1
Females	* 3.2	57.0	* 0.9	6.8	7.7	64.7	45.8	110.5	11.9	58.5
Persons	4.8	92.6	* 3.3	15.3	18.6	111.2	90.3	201.5	16.7	55.2
Left school —										
Before 1995	* 0.9	6.1	* 0.5	* 0.9	* 1.4	7.6	4.8	12.4	* 19.1	61.1
1995	* 1.1	36.8	* 0.7	* 3.8	4.4	41.2	31.5	72.7	10.8	56.7
1996 to survey date	* 2.7	49.7	* 2.1	10.6	12.7	62.4	54.0	116.3	20.3	53.6
Age —										
15 and 16	* 0.3	* 1.8	* 0.9	* 0.7	* 1.6	* 3.4	4.2	7.7	* 47.4	* 44.7
17	* 0.9	6.2	* 0.3	* 1.6	* 1.8	8.0	10.5	18.5	* 22.9	43.5
18	* 1.2	36.0	* 1.3	6.5	7.8	43.7	31.5	75.3	17.7	58.1
19	* 2.4	48.6	* 0.9	6.5	7.3	56.0	44.0	100.0	13.1	56.0
ATTENDING SCHOOL										
Males	* 0.4	94.1	* 2.0	27.5	29.5	123.7	226.3	350.0	23.9	35.3
Females	* 0.2	121.9	* 1.5	26.3	27.8	149.7	201.8	351.4	18.6	42.6
Persons	* 0.6	216.0	* 3.6	53.8	57.4	273.4	428.1	701.4	21.0	39.0
Age —										
15	* 0.6	61.2	* 1.7	23.5	25.2	86.5	160.4	246.8	29.2	35.0
16	* 0.0	75.2	* 0.7	14.9	15.6	90.8	125.1	215.9	17.2	42.0
17	* 0.0	58.7	* 0.7	13.0	13.7	72.4	103.6	176.0	18.9	41.1
18 and 19	* 0.0	20.8	* 0.5	* 2.4	* 2.9	23.7	39.0	62.7	* 12.3	37.8
TOTAL										
Males	141.9	294.6	44.7	37.8	82.5	377.1	284.1	661.2	21.9	57.0
Females	76.6	291.7	29.7	35.2	64.9	356.6	272.2	628.8	18.2	56.7
Persons	218.5	586.3	74.5	72.9	147.4	733.8	556.3	1,290.0	20.1	56.9
Age —										
15	* 3.6	67.1	4.7	24.4	29.2	96.3	164.4	260.6	30.3	36.9
16	17.2	99.9	11.1	16.0	27.1	127.0	133.8	260.8	21.3	48.7
17	35.7	110.4	11.0	15.4	26.4	136.8	118.8	255.6	19.3	53.5
18	69.1	142.8	23.2	9.6	32.8	175.5	79.9	255.5	18.7	68.7
19	92.9	166.1	24.5	7.5	32.0	198.1	59.4	257.6	16.1	76.9

(a) The components of the 'Left school' category in the 'Not in labour force' column do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the 'school attendance' question.

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, SEPTEMBER 1997

	<i>Employed</i>		<i>Unemployed</i>			<i>Labour force</i>	<i>Not in labour force</i>	<i>Civilian population aged 20-24</i>	<i>Unemployment rate</i>	<i>Participation rate</i>
	<i>Full-time workers</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Looking for full-time work</i>	<i>Looking for part-time work</i>	<i>Total</i>					
				<i>('000)</i>						
NOT ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	402.6	451.8	81.0	* 3.2	84.1	535.9	30.5	566.4	15.7	94.6
Females	301.9	389.9	37.6	7.7	45.3	435.2	104.0	539.2	10.4	80.7
Persons	704.6	841.7	118.6	10.8	129.4	971.0	134.5	1,105.6	13.3	87.8
<i>Age —</i>										
20	101.7	126.0	22.3	* 1.3	23.6	149.6	21.3	170.9	15.8	87.5
21	118.3	146.7	27.2	* 1.7	28.9	175.7	21.0	196.7	16.5	89.3
22	145.4	176.8	22.5	4.1	26.7	203.5	24.3	227.8	13.1	89.3
23	160.5	188.6	23.5	* 1.0	24.5	213.1	32.5	245.6	11.5	86.8
24	178.5	203.5	23.1	* 2.6	25.7	229.2	35.4	264.6	11.2	86.6
ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	4.5	52.0	* 2.7	8.4	11.0	63.0	62.4	125.4	17.5	50.2
Females	* 2.9	72.7	* 2.1	7.7	9.9	82.6	53.1	135.8	12.0	60.9
Persons	7.4	124.7	4.8	16.1	20.9	145.6	115.6	261.2	14.3	55.7
<i>Age —</i>										
20	* 1.8	49.9	* 1.0	6.1	7.1	57.0	33.1	90.1	12.5	63.3
21	* 1.4	31.5	* 2.6	* 3.9	6.5	38.0	30.7	68.7	17.1	55.3
22	* 1.7	23.2	* 0.4	* 1.9	* 2.3	25.4	19.4	44.8	* 8.9	56.8
23	* 1.9	12.1	* 0.7	* 1.4	* 2.0	14.2	20.1	34.3	* 14.4	41.4
24	* 0.7	8.0	* 0.2	* 2.8	* 2.9	11.0	12.2	23.2	* 26.8	47.3
TOTAL										
Males	407.1	503.7	83.6	11.5	95.1	598.9	92.9	691.8	15.9	86.6
Females	304.8	462.6	39.7	15.4	55.2	517.8	157.1	674.9	10.7	76.7
Persons	712.0	966.4	123.4	26.9	150.3	1,116.6	250.1	1,366.7	13.5	81.7
<i>Age —</i>										
20	103.6	175.9	23.3	7.4	30.7	206.6	54.4	261.0	14.9	79.2
21	119.7	178.2	29.7	5.7	35.4	213.7	51.7	265.4	16.6	80.5
22	147.1	200.0	22.9	6.1	28.9	228.9	43.7	272.6	12.6	84.0
23	162.4	200.8	24.1	* 2.4	26.5	227.3	52.7	279.9	11.7	81.2
24	179.2	211.5	23.3	5.4	28.7	240.2	47.6	287.8	11.9	83.5

**TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, SEPTEMBER 1997
(per cent)**

<i>Age group</i>	<i>Born in Australia</i>			<i>Born outside Australia</i>		
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>
15-64	85.1	67.3	76.2	80.9	58.9	69.9
15-19	60.5	59.9	60.2	38.2	38.2	38.2
20-24	90.6	79.9	85.3	69.4	61.2	65.2
25-34	94.6	70.3	82.4	92.7	65.7	78.9
35-44	93.8	74.4	84.1	92.9	69.7	80.9
45-54	88.9	71.9	80.5	86.3	65.0	75.8
55-59	73.4	44.7	58.7	70.7	39.7	56.6
60-64	49.1	22.0	35.2	46.6	15.8	31.8
65 and over	13.0	4.1	8.0	8.2	2.1	5.1
Total	76.4	57.8	67.0	69.4	49.4	59.3

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE(a), SEPTEMBER 1997

	<u>Employed</u>		<u>Unemployed</u>		Labour force	Unemployment rate - per cent	Participation rate(b)
	<u>Full-time workers</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Looking for full-time work - '000 -</u>	<u>Total</u>			
	MALES						
Born in Australia	3,137.5	3,599.8	288.8	341.2	3,941.0	8.7	76.4
Born outside Australia	1,098.0	1,216.8	110.7	128.3	1,345.1	9.5	69.4
Main English Speaking Countries	459.4	499.8	35.0	40.3	540.0	7.5	74.6
Other Countries	638.6	717.0	75.7	88.0	805.1	10.9	66.3
Oceania	120.4	134.1	12.9	14.9	149.0	10.0	85.7
New Zealand	92.0	103.2	9.1	10.8	114.0	9.5	87.0
Europe and the Former USSR	610.2	664.3	55.0	62.6	726.9	8.6	64.9
Germany	31.2	35.2	* 2.7	* 2.9	38.1	* 7.5	66.9
Greece	26.6	30.6	* 3.5	4.1	34.7	11.9	54.3
Italy	57.7	62.1	* 3.9	4.1	66.2	6.2	52.8
Netherlands	22.9	24.6	* 1.4	* 1.7	26.3	* 6.3	65.6
UK and Ireland	328.4	353.1	24.5	27.8	380.9	7.3	71.0
Former Yugoslav Republics	53.6	56.9	7.6	8.6	65.6	13.1	63.7
The Middle East and North Africa	57.6	65.2	11.8	12.7	77.9	16.3	67.7
Lebanon	20.6	22.5	4.4	5.2	27.7	18.7	64.0
Southeast Asia	112.8	128.3	15.0	17.3	145.6	11.9	69.9
Malaysia	17.6	20.7	* 1.4	* 1.6	22.2	* 7.1	65.8
Philippines	22.2	24.8	* 1.3	* 1.9	26.8	* 7.2	83.9
Viet Nam	42.3	46.9	9.7	10.0	56.9	17.6	73.0
Northeast Asia	63.0	73.6	5.6	7.3	80.9	9.0	69.6
China	34.1	39.7	* 3.4	* 3.9	43.6	* 8.9	75.9
The Americas	46.5	52.3	* 2.8	* 3.5	55.8	* 6.3	78.2
Other	87.6	98.9	7.7	10.1	109.0	9.2	82.0
India	29.9	34.4	* 1.8	* 1.8	36.2	* 4.9	83.8
FEMALES							
Born in Australia	1,553.8	2,830.8	151.3	233.9	3,064.7	7.6	57.8
Born outside Australia	530.9	879.0	62.0	89.6	968.6	9.3	49.4
Main English Speaking Countries	217.3	387.5	18.8	26.2	413.7	6.3	56.8
Other Countries	313.6	491.5	43.2	63.4	554.9	11.4	45.0
Oceania	71.5	110.3	6.5	10.4	120.7	8.6	67.3
New Zealand	56.2	86.3	5.6	8.0	94.2	8.5	71.6
Europe and the Former USSR	244.4	448.0	26.0	36.2	484.2	7.5	44.8
Germany	13.8	27.7	* 0.4	* 0.8	28.4	* 2.8	45.0
Greece	11.5	16.5	* 1.6	* 2.8	19.3	* 14.5	32.0
Italy	15.1	30.8	* 1.4	* 2.2	33.0	* 6.8	28.8
Netherlands	9.1	17.0	* 1.4	* 1.6	18.7	* 8.8	41.3
UK and Ireland	136.1	258.6	11.1	15.0	273.6	5.5	51.7
Former Yugoslav Republics	22.4	35.1	4.0	4.9	39.9	12.2	43.0
The Middle East and North Africa	20.8	30.7	4.1	6.1	36.9	16.6	36.1
Lebanon	6.8	10.2	* 1.3	* 1.7	11.8	* 14.0	30.8
Southeast Asia	92.4	126.6	14.3	20.1	146.7	13.7	54.3
Malaysia	12.7	21.1	* 0.9	* 1.9	23.0	* 8.2	52.9
Philippines	29.2	40.2	* 3.1	4.6	44.8	10.2	62.3
Viet Nam	28.1	32.6	8.4	11.0	43.6	25.2	51.1
Northeast Asia	30.0	47.6	* 2.6	4.0	51.7	7.8	43.8
China	17.2	22.0	* 2.0	* 2.7	24.7	* 10.8	42.8
The Americas	26.7	42.8	* 2.7	4.1	46.9	8.8	61.6
Other	45.2	72.8	5.7	8.6	81.5	10.6	61.2
India	15.2	23.5	* 1.5	* 2.1	25.5	* 8.1	62.6
PERSONS							
Born in Australia	4,691.3	6,430.6	440.1	575.1	7,005.7	8.2	67.0
Born outside Australia	1,628.9	2,095.8	172.7	217.9	2,313.7	9.4	59.3
Main English Speaking Countries	676.7	887.3	53.8	66.5	953.7	7.0	65.7
Other Countries	952.2	1,208.5	118.9	151.5	1,360.0	11.1	55.6
Oceania	192.0	244.4	19.5	25.3	269.8	9.4	76.4
New Zealand	148.2	189.5	14.8	18.8	208.3	9.0	79.3
Europe and the Former USSR	854.5	1,112.4	81.0	98.7	1,211.1	8.2	55.0
Germany	45.1	62.9	* 3.1	* 3.6	66.5	* 5.5	55.4
Greece	38.0	47.1	5.1	6.9	54.0	12.8	43.5
Italy	72.8	92.9	5.3	6.3	99.2	6.4	41.3
Netherlands	32.0	41.7	* 2.8	* 3.3	45.0	* 7.4	52.7
UK and Ireland	464.5	611.6	35.6	42.9	654.5	6.6	61.4
Former Yugoslav Republics	76.0	92.0	11.6	13.5	105.5	12.8	53.9
The Middle East and North Africa	78.3	96.0	15.9	18.8	114.8	16.4	52.8
Lebanon	27.3	32.7	5.8	6.8	39.5	17.3	48.3
Southeast Asia	205.2	255.0	29.2	37.4	292.3	12.8	61.1
Malaysia	30.3	41.8	* 2.4	* 3.5	45.3	* 7.7	58.6
Philippines	51.4	65.1	4.4	6.5	71.6	9.1	68.9
Viet Nam	70.4	79.5	18.2	21.0	100.5	20.9	61.5
Northeast Asia	92.9	121.2	8.2	11.3	132.6	8.6	56.6
China	51.3	61.8	5.4	6.5	68.3	9.6	59.3
The Americas	73.2	95.1	5.5	7.6	102.7	7.4	69.6
Other	132.8	171.7	13.4	18.7	190.4	9.8	71.6
India	45.1	57.9	* 3.3	* 3.8	61.7	* 6.2	73.5

(a) See paragraph 51 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1997

Period of arrival	Born outside Australia														
	Oceania		Europe & the Former USSR		The Middle East and Africa		South- east Asia		North- east Asia		The Americas		Total		
	New Zealand	Other countries	U.K. and Ireland	Other countries	North Africa	South- east Asia	North- east Asia	The Americas	Other	Males	Married	Females	Total	Persons	
EMPLOYED ('000)															
Before 1976	46.5	12.7	387.8	368.8	43.1	30.7	18.0	37.5	51.6	601.6	298.5	395.2	996.8		
1976 — 1980	35.7	9.7	55.2	28.2	11.5	41.9	9.1	13.8	13.5	118.8	67.2	99.8	218.5		
1981 — 1985	26.5	6.7	54.5	40.1	9.9	64.0	12.3	12.8	21.8	133.1	76.9	115.4	248.5		
1986 — 1990	37.6	12.2	59.2	29.7	17.4	76.8	48.7	15.9	42.6	192.6	104.2	147.5	340.1		
1991 — 1995	25.5	10.6	36.0	25.5	11.4	33.3	23.4	11.5	33.4	124.0	58.3	86.5	210.5		
1996 to survey date	17.7	* 3.2	19.1	8.4	* 2.7	8.2	9.8	* 3.7	8.7	46.7	18.3	34.6	81.3		
UNEMPLOYED ('000)															
Before 1976	* 2.0	* 0.8	30.0	31.8	5.4	* 2.4	* 1.1	* 0.9	* 1.6	47.8	16.5	28.1	75.9		
1976 — 1980	4.4	* 0.7	* 2.9	* 3.8	* 2.4	4.3	* 0.2	* 1.1	* 0.7	11.1	4.6	9.4	20.5		
1981 — 1985	* 1.6	* 1.3	4.0	6.3	* 1.4	7.1	* 1.3	* 0.9	* 1.9	16.6	* 2.8	9.2	25.7		
1986 — 1990	5.5	* 0.8	4.3	4.5	* 3.8	10.7	* 3.6	* 2.7	* 3.5	22.1	7.4	17.0	39.2		
1991 — 1995	* 2.4	* 2.8	* 1.0	4.7	5.2	9.1	* 3.4	* 1.8	7.5	19.0	11.1	18.8	37.8		
1996 to survey date	* 2.8	* 0.1	* 0.8	4.8	* 0.7	* 3.9	* 1.9	* 0.3	* 3.5	11.7	5.4	7.2	18.8		
LABOUR FORCE ('000)															
Before 1976	48.5	13.5	417.7	400.6	48.5	33.1	19.1	38.4	53.3	649.4	315.1	423.3	1,072.7		
1976 — 1980	40.1	10.3	58.2	32.0	13.9	46.2	9.2	14.9	14.2	129.9	71.8	109.2	239.1		
1981 — 1985	28.1	8.0	58.4	46.4	11.2	71.1	13.6	13.7	23.7	149.7	79.7	124.5	274.3		
1986 — 1990	43.1	13.0	63.4	34.2	21.2	87.5	52.2	18.6	46.1	214.8	111.6	164.5	379.3		
1991 — 1995	27.9	13.4	37.0	30.2	16.5	42.4	26.7	13.2	41.0	143.0	69.4	105.3	248.3		
1996 to survey date	20.5	* 3.3	19.8	13.2	* 3.4	12.1	11.7	* 3.9	12.2	58.4	23.7	41.8	100.1		
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (per cent)															
Before 1976	* 4.0	* 6.1	7.2	7.9	11.1	* 7.1	* 5.5	* 2.4	* 3.0	7.4	5.3	6.6	7.1		
1976 — 1980	11.1	* 6.4	* 5.1	* 12.0	* 17.2	9.3	* 1.7	* 7.5	* 4.8	8.6	6.4	8.6	8.6		
1981 — 1985	* 5.7	* 16.5	6.8	13.5	* 12.1	10.0	* 9.5	* 6.6	* 8.1	11.1	* 3.5	7.4	9.4		
1986 — 1990	12.7	* 6.3	6.7	13.1	* 17.9	12.2	* 6.8	* 14.3	* 7.5	10.3	6.6	10.3	10.3		
1991 — 1995	* 8.7	* 21.2	* 2.7	15.6	31.2	21.4	* 12.6	* 13.3	18.4	13.3	16.1	17.9	15.2		
1996 to survey date	* 13.8	* 3.2	* 3.8	36.5	* 21.4	* 32.0	* 16.4	* 7.2	* 28.8	20.0	22.7	17.1	18.8		
PARTICIPATION RATE(a) (per cent)															
Before 1976	74.3	69.4	55.5	44.4	47.2	73.3	67.3	68.9	64.8	61.7	45.7	42.3	52.2		
1976 — 1980	83.3	78.6	76.6	70.1	49.7	72.2	69.1	76.7	73.3	82.7	63.6	64.3	73.1		
1981 — 1985	82.4	66.7	71.6	70.6	58.2	67.9	74.0	66.3	79.3	78.6	66.6	63.6	71.0		
1986 — 1990	76.0	68.8	76.3	68.9	63.5	65.1	66.2	69.9	76.5	81.8	62.9	59.0	70.0		
1991 — 1995	80.6	70.0	79.2	60.0	58.4	47.0	43.3	72.2	71.7	76.3	51.7	48.0	61.1		
1996 to survey date	86.3	* 40.8	73.7	59.5	* 61.8	30.1	34.9	* 58.4	70.5	66.3	47.0	43.5	54.4		

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

	Age group							65 and over	Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64		
MALES									
Full-time workers	141.9	407.1	1,146.4	1,153.2	944.7	254.8	127.1	60.3	4,235.5
Part-time workers	152.7	96.6	85.6	73.9	61.9	32.7	33.8	43.7	581.0
<i>Total</i>	<i>294.6</i>	<i>503.7</i>	<i>1,232.0</i>	<i>1,227.2</i>	<i>1,006.6</i>	<i>287.5</i>	<i>161.0</i>	<i>104.0</i>	<i>4,816.6</i>
MARRIED FEMALES									
Full-time workers	4.2	72.8	340.8	365.1	338.8	61.5	21.9	6.1	1,211.2
Part-time workers	* 3.4	32.0	244.6	384.1	275.7	69.2	31.0	17.2	1,057.3
<i>Total</i>	<i>7.6</i>	<i>104.8</i>	<i>585.4</i>	<i>749.2</i>	<i>614.5</i>	<i>130.7</i>	<i>52.9</i>	<i>23.3</i>	<i>2,268.5</i>
ALL FEMALES									
Full-time workers	76.6	304.8	600.0	517.9	454.8	86.7	32.3	11.4	2,084.6
Part-time workers	215.1	157.8	324.1	453.8	326.9	83.3	37.5	26.5	1,625.2
<i>Total</i>	<i>291.7</i>	<i>462.6</i>	<i>924.1</i>	<i>971.8</i>	<i>781.7</i>	<i>170.0</i>	<i>69.8</i>	<i>38.0</i>	<i>3,709.8</i>
PERSONS									
Full-time workers	218.5	712.0	1,746.4	1,671.2	1,399.5	341.6	159.4	71.7	6,320.2
Part-time workers	367.9	254.4	409.7	527.8	388.9	116.0	71.3	70.3	2,206.2
<i>Total</i>	<i>586.3</i>	<i>966.4</i>	<i>2,156.1</i>	<i>2,199.0</i>	<i>1,788.3</i>	<i>457.5</i>	<i>230.7</i>	<i>142.0</i>	<i>8,526.4</i>

TABLE 17. EMPLOYED PERSONS: HOURS WORKED, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Females				Persons
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	
	NUMBER EMPLOYED ('000)				
Weekly Hours worked —					
0	221.1	130.7	71.7	202.4	423.5
1-15	321.8	412.2	320.2	732.4	1,054.3
16-29	307.5	500.0	193.4	693.3	1,000.8
30-34	248.7	212.0	111.3	323.3	572.0
35-39	741.7	340.7	270.5	611.2	1,352.9
40	875.1	275.6	216.2	491.7	1,366.8
41-44	264.5	72.5	64.9	137.3	401.8
45-48	511.1	113.0	77.4	190.4	701.5
49 and over	1,325.0	211.8	115.8	327.6	1,652.7
Total	4,816.6	2,268.5	1,441.3	3,709.8	8,526.4
	WEEKLY HOURS WORKED				
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	194.4	65.8	42.1	107.8	302.3
By full-time workers	185.6	47.9	34.0	81.9	267.5
By part-time workers	8.8	17.9	8.1	25.9	34.7
Average weekly hours worked	40.4	29.0	29.2	29.1	35.4
By full-time workers	43.8	39.5	38.9	39.3	42.3
By part-time workers	15.1	16.9	14.2	15.9	15.7
Average weekly hours worked by persons who worked one hour or more in the reference week	42.3	30.8	30.7	30.7	37.3
By full-time workers	45.9	41.8	40.7	41.4	44.4
By part-time workers	16.0	18.0	15.1	17.0	16.7

TABLE 18. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1997
(per cent)

Age group	Males			Females			Persons
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	
15-19	* 56.3	44.5	44.6	38.9	46.6	46.4	45.5
20-24	79.5	71.8	72.8	60.2	71.5	68.5	70.7
25-34	90.9	80.4	86.4	61.6	69.1	64.1	75.2
35-44	90.8	75.0	87.1	69.4	63.6	68.0	77.5
45-54	86.5	66.9	82.6	66.4	62.5	65.6	74.2
55-59	69.1	49.4	65.3	41.3	36.5	40.1	52.9
60-64	46.9	35.0	44.6	20.1	17.1	19.3	31.9
65 and over	11.5	7.9	10.6	4.4	2.0	3.0	6.3
Total	71.6	60.0	67.0	53.3	45.6	50.0	58.4

TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

Reason for working less than 35 hours	Females				Persons
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	
Leave, holiday or flexitime/personal reasons	254.3	108.7	64.5	173.2	427.5
Own illness or injury	111.5	51.5	39.9	91.4	202.9
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	26.7	* 1.9	* 0.5	* 2.3	29.0
Began or left job in the reference week	9.4	* 2.4	* 2.6	5.0	14.4
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work	37.5	5.3	* 2.4	7.7	45.1
Shift work, standard work arrangements	60.8	23.0	16.3	39.3	100.1
Other reasons	18.0	5.0	* 2.5	7.5	25.5
Total	518.1	197.6	128.7	326.4	844.5

TABLE 20. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

	Age group						Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	
	MALES						
<i>Total</i>	152.7	96.6	85.6	73.9	61.9	110.2	581.0
Preferred not to work more hours	119.6	57.8	45.6	37.2	34.9	91.9	386.9
Preferred to work more hours	33.1	38.8	40.0	36.7	27.1	18.4	194.1
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	10.5	21.1	23.3	20.2	15.1	6.6	96.8
MARRIED FEMALES							
<i>Total</i>	* 3.4	32.0	244.6	384.1	275.7	117.4	1,057.3
Preferred not to work more hours	* 2.2	20.2	210.5	324.8	241.9	109.0	908.7
Preferred to work more hours	* 1.2	11.9	34.1	59.3	33.7	8.4	148.6
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	* 0.6	* 3.6	10.4	12.5	9.9	* 1.2	38.2
ALL FEMALES							
<i>Total</i>	215.1	157.8	324.1	453.8	326.9	147.4	1,625.2
Preferred not to work more hours	165.6	102.6	261.9	367.9	274.9	135.0	1,308.0
Preferred to work more hours	49.5	55.2	62.2	85.9	52.0	12.4	317.1
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	16.2	22.9	23.4	21.6	16.9	* 2.3	103.2
PERSONS							
<i>Total</i>	367.9	254.4	409.7	527.8	388.9	257.6	2,206.2
Preferred not to work more hours	285.2	160.4	307.5	405.1	309.8	226.9	1,695.0
Preferred to work more hours	82.7	93.9	102.2	122.7	79.0	30.7	511.2
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	26.7	44.1	46.6	41.8	32.0	8.9	200.0

TABLE 21. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

	Hours worked by persons who worked in the reference week						Persons who did not work in the reference week	Total
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34		
	MALES							
<i>Total</i>	79.4	124.4	81.8	89.9	96.2	77.2	32.0	581.0
Preferred not to work more hours	52.0	84.9	54.5	60.9	58.5	53.8	22.4	386.9
Preferred to work more hours	27.4	39.5	27.4	29.1	37.7	23.4	9.6	194.1
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	12.6	22.2	15.5	15.3	17.9	8.2	5.1	96.8
MARRIED FEMALES								
<i>Total</i>	101.5	152.6	144.3	198.3	252.7	143.4	64.5	1,057.3
Preferred not to work more hours	78.9	126.6	119.1	169.3	224.9	130.6	59.2	908.7
Preferred to work more hours	22.6	26.0	25.2	29.0	27.8	12.8	5.2	148.6
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	6.1	7.4	7.4	8.0	6.3	* 2.4	* 0.6	38.2
ALL FEMALES								
<i>Total</i>	193.4	278.7	236.2	272.5	340.1	207.1	97.3	1,625.2
Preferred not to work more hours	142.1	218.1	189.9	218.1	277.4	176.7	85.8	1,308.0
Preferred to work more hours	51.3	60.6	46.3	54.4	62.7	30.4	11.5	317.1
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	13.6	19.4	18.2	19.7	21.8	8.1	* 2.5	103.2
PERSONS								
<i>Total</i>	272.8	403.1	318.0	362.4	436.2	284.4	129.3	2,206.2
Preferred not to work more hours	194.2	303.0	244.4	278.9	335.9	230.5	108.2	1,695.0
Preferred to work more hours	78.6	100.1	73.6	83.5	100.4	53.9	21.1	511.2
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	26.2	41.6	33.7	35.0	39.7	16.3	7.6	200.0

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia
MALES							
15-19	25.7	19.1	17.3	7.6	8.5	2.5	82.5
20-24	29.6	25.6	17.1	9.3	8.4	2.1	95.1
25-34	35.1	25.5	19.2	11.1	8.3	2.8	104.2
35-44	25.0	22.7	16.6	7.8	7.4	2.7	83.5
45 and over	32.2	30.7	19.9	8.8	7.5	3.3	104.3
<i>Total</i>	<i>147.6</i>	<i>123.5</i>	<i>90.1</i>	<i>44.5</i>	<i>40.1</i>	<i>13.4</i>	<i>469.5</i>
FEMALES							
15-19	13.8	19.0	16.0	5.3	6.0	2.6	64.9
20-24	15.8	18.2	9.8	5.4	3.3	1.7	55.2
25-34	23.2	17.0	15.5	6.3	6.6	2.3	72.9
35-44	23.1	15.5	16.8	6.0	5.0	2.1	69.7
45 and over	20.2	18.5	9.3	4.8	4.3	2.4	60.8
<i>Total</i>	<i>96.1</i>	<i>88.1</i>	<i>67.4</i>	<i>27.7</i>	<i>25.1</i>	<i>11.2</i>	<i>323.5</i>
PERSONS							
Looking for full-time work —							
15-19	20.1	14.7	18.2	7.2	8.6	4.0	74.5
20-24	36.6	35.4	21.9	12.6	10.7	3.3	123.4
25-34	48.1	36.0	28.7	15.6	12.2	3.8	147.8
35-44	38.7	32.6	26.8	11.5	11.3	4.2	126.9
45-54	31.7	27.3	18.2	7.8	4.4	3.7	94.5
55 and over	14.4	14.0	6.8	3.7	4.2	1.5	45.8
<i>Total looking for full-time work</i>	<i>189.5</i>	<i>159.9</i>	<i>120.5</i>	<i>58.4</i>	<i>51.5</i>	<i>20.4</i>	<i>612.8</i>
Total —							
15-19	39.6	38.1	33.3	12.8	14.5	5.1	147.4
20-24	45.5	43.7	26.9	14.6	11.7	3.8	150.3
25-34	58.3	42.4	34.7	17.5	14.9	5.1	177.1
35-44	48.1	38.2	33.4	13.8	12.4	4.8	153.2
45-54	34.5	32.6	20.9	9.1	6.0	4.1	108.9
55 and over	17.9	16.6	8.3	4.4	5.8	1.6	56.1
<i>Total</i>	<i>243.7</i>	<i>211.6</i>	<i>157.4</i>	<i>72.2</i>	<i>65.2</i>	<i>24.6</i>	<i>793.0</i>

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19:
DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Attending school	Not attending school		Total		
		Left school before 1996	Left school 1996 to survey date			
NUMBER ('000)						
Duration of unemployment (weeks) —						
Under 4		17.0	4.5	29.7		
4 and under 13		16.3	10.1	40.1		
13 and under 26		7.9	7.0	23.6		
26 and over		16.2	21.5	53.9		
<i>Total</i>		<i>57.4</i>	<i>43.0</i>	<i>147.4</i>		
DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weeks)						
Average duration —						
Males		14.7	42.3	16.7		
Females		18.5	42.4	21.9		
Persons		16.5	42.3	18.8		
Looking for full-time work		* 19.6	44.4	18.9		
Looking for part-time work		16.3	* 29.2	18.4		
Median duration —						
Males		8	26	11		
Females		13	23	17		
Persons		8	25	13		
Looking for full-time work		* 6	26	13		
Looking for part-time work		8	* 8	* 13		
				9		

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Number unemployed ('000)						Unemployment rate (per cent)					
	Males		Females		Persons	Married	Males		Females		Persons	
	Married	Total	Married	Total			Married	Total	Married	Total		
LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME WORK												
<i>Total</i>	160.0	399.5	82.2	213.3	612.8	5.3	8.6	6.4	9.3	8.8		
Aged 15-19	* 2.0	44.7	* 2.2	29.7	74.5	* 53.2	24.0	* 33.9	28.0	25.4		
Looking for first job	* 0.4	22.5	* 0.9	15.9	38.4	..	..	..	..	..
Attending school	* 0.0	* 2.0	* 0.0	* 1.5	* 3.6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.3	* 2.4	* 0.0	* 0.9	* 3.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
Aged 20 and over	158.0	354.8	80.0	183.6	538.4	5.2	8.0	6.2	8.4	8.1		
20-24	13.5	83.6	10.0	39.7	123.4	17.5	17.0	12.1	11.5	14.8		
Looking for first job	* 1.7	12.5	* 1.4	10.5	23.0	..	..	..	..	..
25-34	37.8	97.8	20.2	50.0	147.8	5.1	7.9	5.6	7.7	7.8		
35-44	45.3	78.3	26.0	48.5	126.9	4.6	6.4	6.7	8.6	7.1		
45-54	35.7	58.9	18.2	35.6	94.5	4.3	5.9	5.1	7.3	6.3		
55 and over	25.6	36.1	5.6	9.7	45.8	6.4	7.5	5.9	6.9	7.4		
Aged 15-64	159.4	398.7	82.2	213.3	612.0	5.3	8.7	6.4	9.3	8.9		
LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK												
<i>Total</i>	11.3	70.0	43.1	110.2	180.2	4.7	10.8	3.9	6.3	7.6		
Aged 15-19	* 0.0	37.8	* 0.2	35.2	72.9	* 0.0	19.8	* 5.1	14.1	16.5		
Attending school	* 0.0	27.5	* 0.0	26.3	53.8	* 0.0	22.7	* 0.0	17.8	20.0		
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	8.5	* 0.0	6.8	15.3	* 0.0	20.0	* 0.0	11.2	14.8		
Aged 20 and over	11.3	32.2	42.9	75.0	107.2	4.7	7.0	3.9	5.0	5.5		
20-24	* 0.4	11.5	4.1	15.4	26.9	* 4.3	10.6	11.5	8.9	9.6		
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.4	8.4	* 0.1	7.7	16.1	* 24.0	15.0	* 1.6	10.0	12.1		
25-34	* 2.4	6.3	14.1	22.9	29.3	* 6.2	6.9	5.4	6.6	6.7		
35-44	* 2.1	5.1	12.9	21.2	26.3	* 4.4	6.5	3.2	4.5	4.8		
45 and over	6.4	9.3	11.7	15.4	24.7	4.4	5.1	2.9	3.2	3.7		
Aged 15-64	10.5	69.0	42.6	109.1	178.2	5.1	11.4	3.9	6.4	7.7		
TOTAL												
<i>Total</i>	171.3	469.5	125.3	323.5	793.0	5.2	8.9	5.2	8.0	8.5		
Aged 15-19	* 2.0	82.5	* 2.3	64.9	147.4	* 38.7	21.9	* 23.4	18.2	20.1		
Attending school	* 0.0	29.5	* 0.0	27.8	57.4	* 0.0	23.9	* 0.0	18.6	21.0		
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.3	10.9	* 0.0	7.7	18.6	* 78.8	-23.4	* 0.0	11.9	16.7		
Aged 20 and over(a)	169.3	387.0	122.9	258.6	645.6	5.2	7.9	5.2	7.0	7.5		
20-24	13.9	95.1	14.1	55.2	150.3	16.1	15.9	11.9	10.7	13.5		
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.7	11.0	* 0.2	9.9	20.9	* 29.9	17.5	* 4.5	12.0	14.3		
25-34	40.2	104.2	34.3	72.9	177.1	5.2	7.8	5.5	7.3	7.6		
35-44	47.4	83.5	38.9	69.7	153.2	4.6	6.4	4.9	6.7	6.5		
45-54	37.0	62.2	27.0	46.7	108.9	4.2	5.8	4.2	5.6	5.7		
55-59	21.3	29.0	6.5	11.1	40.1	8.0	9.2	4.7	6.1	8.1		
60-64	8.0	11.2	* 1.6	* 2.0	13.2	5.5	6.5	* 2.9	* 2.8	5.4		
Aged 15-64	169.9	467.7	124.8	322.5	790.2	5.3	9.0	5.3	8.1	8.6		

(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1997

	Number unemployed ('000)			Unemployment rate (per cent)			
	Males		Females	Persons	Males		Females
	BORN IN AUSTRALIA	BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA					Persons
BORN IN AUSTRALIA							
<i>Total</i>	341.2	233.9	575.1	8.7	7.6	8.2	
Looking for full-time work	288.8	151.3	440.1	8.4	8.9	8.6	
Looking for part-time work	52.4	82.5	135.0	10.2	6.1	7.2	
Aged 15-19	73.5	56.9	130.4	21.2	17.5	19.4	
Aged 20 and over	267.8	177.0	444.7	7.4	6.5	7.0	
20-24	79.7	44.2	123.9	15.2	9.9	12.7	
25-34	76.4	53.1	129.4	7.4	6.9	7.2	
35-44	56.0	43.6	99.6	6.0	5.9	6.0	
45-54	35.6	28.5	64.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
55 and over	20.1	7.7	27.8	5.2	3.7	4.7	
Aged 15-64	340.7	233.0	573.7	8.8	7.7	8.3	
BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA							
<i>Total</i>	128.3	89.6	217.9	9.5	9.3	9.4	
Looking for full-time work	110.7	62.0	172.7	9.2	10.5	9.6	
Looking for part-time work	17.6	27.6	45.2	12.9	7.4	8.8	
Aged 15-19	9.0	8.0	17.0	28.9	25.9	27.4	
Aged 20 and over	119.3	81.6	200.9	9.1	8.7	8.9	
20-24	15.4	11.0	26.4	20.9	15.8	18.4	
25-34	27.8	19.9	47.7	9.2	8.9	9.1	
35-44	27.5	26.1	53.6	7.3	8.7	7.9	
45-54	26.7	18.2	44.9	7.6	7.0	7.3	
55 and over	21.9	6.4	28.4	10.5	7.8	9.8	
Aged 15-64	127.1	89.4	216.5	9.6	9.3	9.5	

TABLE 26. LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT

Month	Long-term unemployment												Long-term unemployment as a proportion of total unemployment		
	Unemployed 52 weeks and under			Unemployed 104 weeks and over			Total								
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
ORIGINAL															
<i>1996</i> —															
July	62.3	35.7	98.0	69.4	41.4	110.8	131.7	77.1	208.9	31.2	24.9	28.5			
August	66.7	33.0	99.7	75.6	44.0	119.6	142.3	77.0	219.4	30.9	24.8	28.4			
September	67.5	40.1	107.6	81.6	48.4	129.9	149.1	88.4	237.5	32.0	26.4	29.7			
October	66.0	37.4	103.4	74.2	49.8	123.9	140.2	87.2	227.3	31.4	27.4	29.7			
November	61.2	37.7	98.9	78.1	43.0	121.1	139.3	80.7	220.0	32.1	26.6	29.8			
December	63.0	34.7	97.7	80.6	47.4	128.0	143.5	82.1	225.6	31.1	23.9	28.0			
<i>1997</i> —															
January	66.5	40.2	106.7	79.3	46.0	125.3	145.8	86.2	231.9	29.1	24.4	27.2			
February	69.4	47.1	116.5	92.4	55.3	147.6	161.7	102.4	264.1	31.5	26.1	29.2			
March	69.5	45.1	114.7	79.5	50.6	130.1	149.0	95.7	244.8	30.5	26.8	29.0			
April	66.3	39.1	105.3	83.2	51.3	134.5	149.4	90.4	239.8	32.5	26.6	30.0			
May	72.4	38.4	110.8	80.6	46.8	127.4	153.0	85.2	238.2	33.4	25.5	30.1			
June	69.1	39.6	108.7	84.3	46.2	130.5	153.4	85.9	239.3	35.1	27.3	31.9			
July	73.3	39.1	112.4	78.9	44.7	123.6	152.2	83.8	236.0	34.0	27.6	31.4			
August	65.6	39.9	105.5	82.6	47.2	129.8	148.2	87.1	235.3	33.1	27.5	30.8			
September	74.6	41.8	116.4	97.4	54.0	151.4	172.0	95.8	267.8	36.6	29.6	33.8			
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED															
<i>1996</i> —															
July	65.2	38.1	103.3	71.7	43.2	114.9	136.9	81.3	218.2	30.3	24.7	28.0			
August	70.8	35.4	106.2	80.0	44.7	124.7	150.7	80.1	230.9	31.8	24.2	28.6			
September	67.0	39.1	106.1	81.7	47.3	129.0	148.7	86.4	235.2	31.8	26.0	29.4			
October	66.7	36.6	103.3	79.7	49.2	128.8	146.3	85.8	232.1	31.0	25.8	28.9			
November	61.0	36.8	97.8	80.4	40.9	121.3	141.4	77.7	219.1	30.9	24.1	28.1			
December	63.2	36.1	99.4	79.6	49.6	129.2	142.8	85.8	228.6	31.4	25.4	28.9			
<i>1997</i> —															
January	63.8	38.5	102.3	76.2	50.0	126.2	140.0	88.5	228.5	31.0	26.1	28.9			
February	65.0	40.7	105.7	87.1	49.8	137.0	152.1	90.6	242.7	32.3	26.7	29.9			
March	68.0	41.8	109.8	72.8	48.0	120.8	140.8	89.8	230.6	29.8	27.2	28.7			
April	67.6	41.4	109.0	82.3	55.1	137.4	149.9	96.5	246.4	32.3	28.5	30.7			
May	72.3	38.8	111.1	81.3	47.0	128.3	153.6	85.9	239.5	33.3	24.7	29.6			
June	69.8	44.6	114.4	86.4	46.1	132.4	156.2	90.6	246.9	34.9	27.5	31.7			
July	76.6	41.8	118.5	81.6	46.8	128.4	158.3	88.6	246.9	33.1	27.5	30.8			
August	69.7	42.9	112.6	87.4	47.7	135.2	157.1	90.6	247.8	34.1	26.9	31.0			
September	74.0	40.7	114.7	97.3	52.9	150.2	171.3	93.6	264.9	36.4	29.2	33.5			
TREND SERIES															
<i>1996</i> —															
July	63.1	37.0	100.0	76.5	43.3	119.8	139.5	80.3	219.8	30.4	24.5	28.0			
August	65.0	37.1	102.2	77.5	44.3	121.8	142.5	81.4	223.9	30.9	24.8	28.3			
September	65.9	37.0	102.9	78.8	45.3	124.2	144.8	82.3	227.1	31.2	25.0	28.6			
October	65.8	36.9	102.7	79.8	46.3	126.1	145.6	83.2	228.8	31.4	25.1	28.8			
November	64.8	37.2	102.0	80.2	47.2	127.4	144.9	84.4	229.4	31.3	25.4	28.8			
December	63.9	37.8	101.7	79.9	48.1	128.0	143.8	85.9	229.7	31.1	25.7	28.9			
<i>1997</i> —															
January	63.9	38.6	102.6	79.6	49.0	128.6	143.5	87.6	231.2	31.1	26.1	29.0			
February	65.1	39.6	104.7	79.5	49.7	129.2	144.6	89.4	234.0	31.3	26.5	29.3			
March	67.0	40.6	107.6	79.7	49.9	129.7	146.7	90.5	237.2	31.7	26.8	29.6			
April	68.9	41.3	110.2	80.5	49.5	130.0	149.3	90.9	240.2	32.2	26.9	30.0			
May	70.4	41.8	112.2	81.8	48.8	130.6	152.2	90.5	242.8	32.8	26.9	30.3			
June	71.6	42.0	113.6	83.8	48.3	132.0	155.4	90.2	245.6	33.5	27.0	30.8			
July	72.5	42.1	114.6	86.2	48.2	134.4	158.6	90.3	249.0	34.2	27.3	31.3			
August	73.2	42.1	115.3	88.6	48.5	137.1	161.8	90.6	252.4	34.8	27.6	31.8			
September	73.5	42.1	115.6	91.6	49.0	140.7	165.1	91.1	256.2	35.4	27.9	32.3			

TABLE 27. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT BY AGE, MARITAL STATUS AND FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

Duration of unemployment (weeks)	Age group					Married	Not married	Looking for	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)			Full-time work	Part-time work
	MALES								
Under 52	73.0	61.4	66.3	79.3	297.6	95.0	202.5	239.3	58.2
under 2	8.9	4.4	5.7	5.2	25.1	7.3	17.8	13.6	11.6
2 and under 4	7.7	6.6	11.5	10.0	37.8	12.2	25.6	26.6	11.2
4 and under 8	11.0	8.7	7.4	11.0	39.7	10.4	29.3	30.2	9.5
8 and under 13	13.5	11.2	10.4	12.3	49.3	14.7	34.7	39.3	10.1
13 and under 26	14.0	10.9	13.1	12.4	54.7	17.7	37.0	49.3	5.4
26 and under 39	13.5	13.6	13.3	16.4	62.1	21.8	40.3	53.5	8.6
39 and under 52	4.3	6.0	5.0	11.8	28.8	11.0	17.8	27.0	* 1.9
52 and over	9.5	33.8	37.8	66.4	172.0	76.3	95.7	160.2	11.8
52 and under 65	* 3.8	10.2	8.7	13.4	41.2	16.5	24.7	35.7	5.6
65 and under 104	* 1.6	6.9	8.6	13.8	33.4	13.5	19.9	32.2	* 1.2
104 and over	4.1	16.7	20.5	39.3	97.4	46.3	51.1	92.3	5.1
Total	82.5	95.1	104.2	145.7	469.5	171.3	298.2	399.5	70.0
Average duration —	23.6	51.8	56.9	79.2	60.8	71.9	54.5	66.4	29.1
Median duration —	13	28	26	42	30	39	26	35	8
FEMALES									
Under 52	55.3	40.3	52.2	73.2	227.7	85.4	142.2	136.0	91.7
under 2	5.1	4.8	4.5	5.9	21.7	8.7	13.0	6.8	14.9
2 and under 4	8.0	5.2	7.5	11.5	33.6	13.3	20.4	16.8	16.9
4 and under 8	7.4	7.9	9.5	9.5	35.0	14.3	20.7	20.9	14.0
8 and under 13	8.2	7.1	5.8	10.3	32.9	14.2	18.7	19.8	13.1
13 and under 26	9.6	6.8	9.4	13.1	40.0	13.6	26.4	28.4	11.6
26 and under 39	12.5	5.6	10.9	15.6	45.4	15.8	29.6	29.3	16.1
39 and under 52	4.5	* 3.0	* 3.6	7.2	19.0	5.6	13.4	13.9	5.1
52 and over	9.6	14.9	27.8	43.2	95.8	39.8	56.0	77.4	18.5
52 and under 65	4.0	4.0	7.1	10.8	26.6	10.3	16.4	20.8	5.8
65 and under 104	* 2.8	* 2.9	4.6	4.1	15.2	4.6	10.6	12.0	* 3.2
104 and over	* 2.9	8.1	10.0	28.4	54.0	25.0	29.0	44.6	9.5
Total	64.9	55.2	72.9	116.4	323.5	125.3	198.2	213.3	110.2
Average duration —	26.2	41.8	50.7	71.6	53.6	55.0	52.7	64.3	32.9
Median duration —	14	14	25	31	24	24	25	30	10
PERSONS									
Under 52	128.2	101.6	117.5	152.4	525.2	180.5	344.8	375.3	149.9
under 2	14.0	9.2	10.2	11.2	46.9	16.0	30.8	20.4	26.5
2 and under 4	15.7	11.8	18.9	21.5	71.4	25.4	46.0	43.3	28.1
4 and under 8	18.4	16.5	16.9	20.5	74.7	24.6	50.0	51.1	23.5
8 and under 13	21.7	18.3	16.2	22.7	82.3	28.9	53.4	59.1	23.2
13 and under 26	23.6	17.7	22.5	25.5	94.6	31.2	63.4	77.7	17.0
26 and under 39	25.9	19.2	24.1	32.0	107.5	37.7	69.8	82.8	24.7
39 and under 52	8.8	9.0	8.6	19.0	47.9	16.6	31.2	40.9	6.9
52 and over	19.2	48.7	59.6	109.7	267.8	116.1	151.7	237.5	30.2
52 and under 65	7.8	14.1	15.8	24.2	67.8	26.7	41.1	56.5	11.4
65 and under 104	4.4	9.7	13.3	17.8	48.6	18.1	30.5	44.2	4.3
104 and over	7.0	24.8	30.5	67.7	151.4	71.3	80.1	136.9	14.6
Total	147.4	150.3	177.1	262.1	793.0	296.6	496.5	612.8	180.2
Average duration —	24.8	48.1	54.3	75.8	57.9	64.8	53.8	65.7	31.4
Median duration —	13	26	26	37	26	32	26	34	8

(a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 28. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION(a) OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB
AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

	Duration of unemployment (weeks)					Total		
	Under 4	4 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 52	52 and over	Males	Females	Persons
<i>Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years</i>	51.9	89.2	64.7	90.9	72.4	254.0	115.0	369.0
Industry division —								
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	* 2.4	4.7	4.4	5.8	* 3.7	17.2	* 3.8	21.0
Manufacturing	10.9	17.4	13.3	16.6	15.8	58.0	15.9	73.9
Construction	6.2	9.1	6.6	7.9	6.7	35.4	* 1.0	36.4
Wholesale Trade	* 3.1	4.9	* 3.8	4.0	* 2.7	13.2	5.3	18.5
Retail Trade	6.2	14.7	10.0	16.9	8.6	32.1	24.2	56.4
Accommodation, Cafes and Restaurants	4.4	6.0	4.9	5.9	4.9	13.7	12.4	26.1
Transport and Storage	* 2.9	4.6	* 1.5	* 3.8	4.3	14.3	* 2.8	17.1
Property and Business Services	* 3.8	8.6	* 2.5	6.6	4.3	17.4	8.3	25.8
Government Administration and Defence	* 1.5	4.9	* 1.1	5.0	5.4	11.5	6.3	17.9
Education	* 1.3	* 3.3	* 1.1	* 3.5	* 3.1	5.5	6.8	12.3
Health and Community Services	* 2.0	* 3.6	4.0	5.8	* 2.6	6.9	11.1	18.0
Cultural and Recreational Services	* 2.0	* 2.0	* 1.9	* 1.6	* 1.9	6.4	* 3.0	9.4
Personal and Other Services	* 2.7	* 2.3	4.7	* 3.5	* 3.9	7.4	9.7	17.2
Other industries	* 2.5	* 3.2	5.1	* 3.9	4.6	14.9	4.3	19.3
Occupation group(a) —								
Managers and Administrators	* 0.7	* 1.2	* 1.2	* 1.6	—	* 1.5	4.9	* 1.4
Professionals	5.4	7.9	* 3.8	6.4	—	4.5	20.0	8.0
Associate Professionals	4.1	8.4	6.5	5.0	—	5.5	18.6	11.0
Tradespersons and Related Workers	8.2	15.7	10.1	15.3	13.3	57.2	5.6	62.7
Advanced Clerical and Service Workers	* 0.9	* 0.7	* 0.7	* 1.3	* 0.4	* 0.3	* 3.9	4.1
Intermediate Clerical, Sales and Service Workers	8.5	14.0	10.6	13.3	10.5	18.2	38.6	56.8
Intermediate Production and Transport Workers	8.2	12.8	8.3	12.2	12.0	48.1	5.4	53.5
Elementary Clerical, Sales and Service Workers	4.6	10.6	6.7	9.9	6.4	15.6	22.6	38.2
Labourers and Related Workers	11.3	17.7	16.7	25.8	18.3	71.2	18.7	89.8
Other	42.0	67.8	29.0	64.5	195.4	205.9	193.7	399.6
Looking for first job	24.3	36.5	17.6	35.5	35.7	76.3	73.2	149.5
Looking for full-time work	6.2	16.3	8.7	19.4	26.8	41.1	36.3	77.4
Former workers	17.7	31.2	12.4	29.0	159.7	129.6	120.5	250.1
Stand down	24.4	..	..	..	..	9.6	14.8	24.4
Total	118.3	156.9	94.6	155.4	267.8	469.5	323.5	793.0

(a) From August 1996, occupation data are classified to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition. See the Explanatory Notes paragraph 55 for more details.

TABLE 29. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: REASON FOR LEAVING LAST FULL-TIME JOB

Month	Reason for unemployment					Total	Per cent of unemployed				
	Job loser	Stood down	Looking for first job	Former workers	Job loser		Job loser	Stood down	Looking for first job	Former workers	
	- '000					- per cent					
1996 —											
July	241.8	125.1	27.1	126.9	210.6	731.6	33.1	17.1	3.7	17.3	28.8
August	259.5	133.0	22.7	136.7	219.3	771.1	33.7	17.2	2.9	17.7	28.4
September	267.8	131.9	25.5	150.6	224.4	800.2	33.5	16.5	3.2	18.8	28.0
October	250.6	117.3	22.0	156.9	218.0	764.9	32.8	15.3	2.9	20.5	28.5
November	242.3	115.5	18.8	146.0	214.6	737.2	32.9	15.7	2.6	19.8	29.1
December	242.3	110.9	25.3	206.3	220.9	805.7	30.1	13.8	3.1	25.6	27.4
1997 —											
January	278.8	124.8	26.0	204.2	220.0	853.8	32.7	14.6	3.0	23.9	25.8
February	287.8	140.2	22.7	195.0	260.4	906.1	31.8	15.5	2.5	21.5	28.7
March	275.0	133.7	19.5	185.4	231.8	845.4	32.5	15.8	2.3	21.9	27.4
April	255.6	127.3	26.4	160.2	230.2	799.6	32.0	15.9	3.3	20.0	28.8
May	269.8	123.5	24.6	143.6	230.3	791.9	34.1	15.6	3.1	18.1	29.1
June	245.4	114.6	20.6	139.5	230.6	750.8	32.7	15.3	2.7	18.6	30.7
July	255.2	121.7	31.1	136.4	206.5	750.9	34.0	16.2	4.1	18.2	27.5
August	263.1	111.4	17.6	140.3	232.2	764.6	34.4	14.6	2.3	18.3	30.4
September	252.1	117.0	24.4	149.5	250.1	793.0	31.8	14.8	3.1	18.9	31.5

TABLE 30. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS WHO HAD WORKED FULL TIME FOR TWO WEEKS OR MORE IN THE LAST TWO YEARS: REASON FOR CEASING LAST FULL-TIME JOB, INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION(a) OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND AGE, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000)

Industry division	Reason for ceasing last full-time job									
	Job loser			Total			Job leaver			Total
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	4.8	* 0.6	5.5	14.2	* 3.3	17.5	* 3.0	* 0.5	* 3.5	21.0
Manufacturing	32.8	6.8	39.6	43.1	9.4	52.5	15.0	6.5	21.4	73.9
Construction	19.6	* 0.0	19.6	28.8	* 0.7	29.5	6.6	* 0.3	6.9	36.4
Wholesale Trade	6.5	* 2.1	8.6	8.6	4.1	12.7	4.7	* 1.2	5.8	18.5
Retail Trade	13.9	8.7	22.7	20.6	11.0	31.6	11.5	13.2	24.8	56.4
Accommodation, Cafes & Restaurants	4.5	5.7	10.3	6.7	7.5	14.2	7.0	4.9	11.9	26.1
Transport and Storage	7.3	* 0.9	8.2	10.7	* 1.6	12.3	* 3.5	* 1.2	4.7	17.1
Government Administration & Defence	* 3.0	* 2.2	5.2	10.2	5.7	16.0	* 1.3	* 0.6	* 1.9	17.9
Education	* 2.1	* 1.1	* 3.1	4.2	4.6	8.8	* 1.3	* 2.2	* 3.4	12.3
Health and Community Services	* 2.6	* 3.8	6.3	5.0	6.2	11.2	* 1.9	4.9	6.8	18.0
Cultural and Recreational Services	* 2.0	* 0.9	* 2.9	* 3.9	* 2.0	5.9	* 2.6	* 1.0	* 3.6	9.4
Personal and Other Services	* 3.6	* 2.3	5.9	5.8	4.3	10.1	* 1.7	5.4	7.1	17.2
Other Industries	14.5	5.7	20.2	23.0	7.1	30.0	9.4	5.6	15.0	45.0
Occupation group(a) —										
Managers and Administrators	* 2.8	* 0.6	* 3.4	* 3.6	* 0.9	4.5	* 1.3	* 0.5	* 1.7	6.3
Professionals	7.8	* 2.2	10.0	14.0	4.3	18.3	6.0	* 3.7	9.7	28.0
Associate Professionals	6.2	* 3.9	10.2	12.6	5.3	17.9	6.0	5.7	11.8	29.6
Tradespersons and Related Workers	27.3	* 1.7	29.0	41.4	* 2.8	44.2	15.7	* 2.7	18.5	62.7
Advanced Clerical and Service Workers	* 0.0	* 0.7	* 0.7	* 0.0	* 1.9	* 1.9	* 0.3	* 1.9	* 2.2	4.1
Intermediate Clerical, Sales and Service Workers	7.7	13.4	21.1	11.5	25.2	36.8	6.7	13.4	20.0	56.8
Intermediate Production and Transport Workers	22.7	* 2.6	25.4	36.0	4.5	40.5	12.1	* 0.9	13.0	53.5
Elementary Clerical, Sales and Service Workers	6.0	8.7	14.8	9.2	11.3	20.6	6.3	11.3	17.6	38.2
Labourers and Related Workers	36.7	6.9	43.6	56.2	11.3	67.5	15.0	7.4	22.4	89.8
Age group										
15-19	8.9	4.6	13.5	13.5	6.6	20.1	11.3	7.4	18.7	38.7
20-24	27.1	8.0	35.2	40.3	12.8	53.0	20.5	10.9	31.4	84.5
25-34	27.9	8.8	36.7	46.9	16.4	63.3	19.7	14.8	34.5	97.8
35-44	24.2	11.1	35.3	39.4	17.1	56.4	9.3	7.7	17.1	73.5
45-54	18.8	7.5	26.3	28.1	12.2	40.3	5.2	4.6	9.8	50.1
55 and over	10.3	* 0.8	11.2	16.5	* 2.5	19.0	* 3.5	* 1.9	5.4	24.4
Total	117.3	40.9	158.2	184.5	67.5	252.1	69.5	47.5	117.0	369.0

(a) From August 1996, occupation data are classified to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition. See the Explanatory Notes paragraph 55 for more details.

TABLE 31. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1997

Age group	Males			Females			Persons	Proportion of population - per cent -
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total		
15-19	* 0.5	283.6	284.1	9.6	262.5	272.2	556.3	43.1
20-24	4.9	88.1	92.9	55.3	101.8	157.1	250.1	18.3
25-34	33.5	56.8	90.4	331.3	112.9	444.2	534.6	18.6
35-44	51.6	46.0	97.6	291.6	96.4	387.9	485.6	17.1
45-54	95.1	54.7	149.7	283.5	80.4	363.9	513.7	21.3
55-59	88.6	35.4	124.0	179.3	63.8	243.1	367.1	42.5
60-64	147.2	41.7	188.8	208.5	81.6	290.1	478.9	66.3
65-69	208.4	59.6	267.9	196.0	126.8	322.8	590.7	86.7
70 and over	430.4	178.1	608.5	309.6	595.9	905.4	1,514.0	96.5
Total	1,060.1	844.0	1,904.0	1,864.7	1,522.1	3,386.8	5,290.9	36.2

TABLE 32. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., SEPTEMBER 1997 ('000)

	Males			Females			Persons
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	
<i>Looking for work</i>	15.1	32.1	47.2	31.2	42.4	73.6	120.7
Took active steps to find work(a)	8.2	17.1	25.4	11.5	18.4	29.9	55.3
Did not take active steps to find work	6.8	14.9	21.8	19.7	23.9	43.7	65.5
<i>Not looking for work</i>	977.3	724.2	1,701.5	1,791.8	1,322.7	3,114.6	4,816.1
<i>Permanently unable to work</i>	35.4	31.2	66.6	15.9	28.9	44.9	111.5
<i>In institutions</i>	32.3	56.5	88.8	25.7	128.1	153.8	242.6
Total	1,060.1	844.0	1,904.0	1,864.7	1,522.1	3,386.8	5,290.9

(a) Not available to start work in the reference week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 33. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS AUGUST 1997 AND SEPTEMBER 1997 ('000)

Labour force status in August 1997	Labour force status in September 1997			
	Employed full time	Employed part time	Unemployed	Not in the labour force
MALES				
Employed full time	3,023.9	55.2	22.7	18.5
Employed part time	77.6	312.0	27.6	23.9
Unemployed	32.5	25.6	231.0	35.9
Not in the labour force	40.9	37.8	58.6	1,252.9
MARRIED FEMALES				
Employed full time	798.7	61.6	* 2.7	11.1
Employed part time	73.9	667.1	7.4	32.1
Unemployed	6.4	11.1	49.3	24.2
Not in the labour force	16.0	52.2	30.1	1,322.9
ALL FEMALES				
Employed full time	1,407.5	86.1	5.9	17.9
Employed part time	111.5	1,013.9	21.2	52.6
Unemployed	14.6	32.2	133.6	47.7
Not in the labour force	28.8	88.3	70.8	2,292.2
PERSONS				
Employed full time	4,431.4	141.3	28.5	36.5
Employed part time	189.1	1,325.9	48.8	76.5
Unemployed	47.1	57.8	364.6	83.6
Not in the labour force	69.6	126.0	129.4	3,545.1

POPULATION REPRESENTED BY THE MATCHED SAMPLE

Males	Females			Persons
	Married	Total	Persons	
5,276.5	3,167.0	5,424.7	10,701.2	

TABLE 34. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD, THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, SEPTEMBER 1997

	<i>Employed</i>	<i>Unemployed</i>	<i>Labour force</i>	<i>Not in labour force</i>	<i>Civilian population aged 15 and over</i>		
					<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Family member	6,944.8	590.8	7,535.6	3,868.7	5,627.7	5,776.6	11,404.3
Husband or wife	5,198.7	286.0	5,484.7	2,751.1	4,166.7	4,069.1	8,235.8
With children under 15	2,573.9	158.0	2,731.9	740.4	1,762.9	1,709.4	3,472.3
Without children under 15	2,624.9	127.9	2,752.8	2,010.7	2,403.8	2,359.7	4,763.5
With dependants	3,034.6	175.9	3,210.6	849.1	2,059.3	2,000.4	4,059.7
Without dependants	2,164.1	110.0	2,274.1	1,902.0	2,107.4	2,068.7	4,176.1
Lone parent	316.2	60.6	376.8	346.4	112.8	610.4	723.2
With children under 15	189.0	44.7	233.7	204.3	45.3	392.7	438.0
With dependent students but without children under 15	53.1	6.2	59.3	19.5	18.4	60.4	78.8
Without dependants	74.0	9.7	83.8	122.6	49.1	157.3	206.4
Dependent student(a)	357.0	79.6	436.6	489.8	461.6	464.9	926.5
Non-dependent child(b)	918.2	131.4	1,049.7	115.4	725.4	439.7	1,165.0
Other family person	154.6	33.2	187.8	166.0	161.3	192.4	353.7
Non-family member	1,268.0	165.3	1,433.3	940.2	1,184.6	1,188.9	2,373.5
Lone person	646.6	86.4	733.0	797.0	707.8	822.2	1,530.0
Not living alone	621.4	78.9	700.3	143.2	476.8	366.7	843.5
<i>Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined</i>	<i>8,212.7</i>	<i>756.1</i>	<i>8,968.8</i>	<i>4,809.0</i>	<i>6,812.3</i>	<i>6,965.5</i>	<i>13,777.8</i>
<i>Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined</i>	<i>173.2</i>	<i>19.0</i>	<i>192.2</i>	<i>82.5</i>	<i>124.0</i>	<i>150.8</i>	<i>274.7</i>
Total usual residents of private dwellings	8,385.9	775.2	9,161.0	4,891.5	6,936.3	7,116.3	14,052.5
Visitors to private dwellings	40.7	6.6	47.3	45.3	44.7	47.9	92.6
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	99.8	11.3	111.1	354.0	209.2	255.9	465.1
Total	8,526.4	793.0	9,319.4	5,290.9	7,190.1	7,420.1	14,610.3
					PROPORTION OF TOTAL (per cent)		
Family member	81.5	74.5	80.9	73.1	78.3	77.9	78.1
Husband or wife	61.0	36.1	58.9	52.0	58.0	54.8	56.4
With children under 15	30.2	19.9	29.3	14.0	24.5	23.0	23.8
Without children under 15	30.8	16.1	29.5	38.0	33.4	31.8	32.6
With dependants	35.6	22.2	34.5	16.0	28.6	27.0	27.8
Without dependants	25.4	13.9	24.4	35.9	29.3	27.9	28.6
Lone parent	3.7	7.6	4.0	6.5	1.6	8.2	4.9
With children under 15	2.2	5.6	2.5	3.9	0.6	5.3	3.0
With dependent students but without children under 15	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.5
Without dependants	0.9	1.2	0.9	2.3	0.7	2.1	1.4
Dependent student(a)	4.2	10.0	4.7	9.3	6.4	6.3	6.3
Non-dependent child(b)	10.8	16.6	11.3	2.2	10.1	5.9	8.0
Other family person	1.8	4.2	2.0	3.1	2.2	2.6	2.4
Non-family member	14.9	20.8	15.4	17.8	16.5	16.0	16.2
Lone person	7.6	10.9	7.9	15.1	9.8	11.1	10.5
Not living alone	7.3	10.0	7.5	2.7	6.6	4.9	5.8
<i>Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined</i>	<i>96.3</i>	<i>95.3</i>	<i>96.2</i>	<i>90.9</i>	<i>94.7</i>	<i>93.9</i>	<i>94.3</i>
<i>Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>2.4</i>	<i>2.1</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>1.9</i>
Total usual residents of private dwellings	98.4	97.7	98.3	92.5	96.5	95.9	96.2
Visitors to private dwellings	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	1.2	1.4	1.2	6.7	2.9	3.4	3.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school. Also excludes sons or daughters aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or lone parents. (b) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 35. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(a), SEPTEMBER 1997

	Employed			Unemployed			Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate per cent	Participation rate				
	Looking for full-time work		Total	Labour force										
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers												
MALES														
Family member	3,432.0	461.2	3,893.2	277.9	333.4	4,226.7	1,401.1	5,627.7	7.9	75.1				
Husband	2,791.8	222.6	3,014.5	155.0	166.2	3,180.7	986.0	4,166.7	5.2	76.3				
With children under 15	1,495.7	78.9	1,574.5	86.1	90.6	1,665.1	97.9	1,762.9	5.4	94.4				
Without children under 15	1,296.2	143.8	1,440.0	68.9	75.6	1,515.6	888.2	2,403.8	5.0	63.1				
With dependants	1,732.0	94.2	1,826.2	95.7	101.1	1,927.3	132.0	2,059.3	5.2	93.6				
Without dependants	1,059.8	128.5	1,188.3	59.4	65.1	1,253.4	854.0	2,107.4	5.2	59.5				
Lone parent	60.7	8.2	68.9	6.7	8.1	77.0	35.8	112.8	10.5	68.3				
With children under 15	22.7	5.3	28.0	4.0	5.4	33.3	12.0	45.3	16.1	73.6				
With dependent students but without children under 15	14.1	* 1.2	15.3	* 1.1	* 1.1	16.5	* 1.9	18.4	* 6.9	89.6				
Without dependants	24.0	* 1.7	25.6	* 1.5	* 1.5	27.2	21.9	49.1	* 5.7	55.4				
Dependent student(b)	4.7	151.6	156.3	6.3	42.1	198.4	263.2	461.6	21.2	43.0				
Non-dependent child(c)	498.9	66.4	565.3	88.4	93.4	658.7	66.7	725.4	14.2	90.8				
Other family person	75.9	12.4	88.2	21.5	23.7	111.9	49.4	161.3	21.1	69.4				
Non-family member	658.5	95.4	754.0	103.2	114.0	867.9	316.6	1,184.6	13.1	73.3				
Lone person	349.0	50.6	399.6	55.7	60.2	459.8	248.1	707.8	13.1	65.0				
Not living alone	309.6	44.8	354.4	47.5	53.8	408.2	68.6	476.8	13.2	85.6				
Total	4,090.5	556.6	4,647.2	381.1	447.4	5,094.6	1,717.7	6,812.3	8.8	74.8				
FEMALES														
Family member	1,613.5	1,438.0	3,051.5	161.6	257.4	3,308.9	2,467.7	5,776.6	7.8	57.3				
Husband	1,158.1	1,026.2	2,184.2	78.8	119.8	2,304.0	1,765.1	4,069.1	5.2	56.6				
With children under 15	408.6	590.7	999.3	39.8	67.5	1,066.8	642.6	1,709.4	6.3	62.4				
Without children under 15	749.4	435.5	1,184.9	39.0	52.3	1,237.2	1,122.5	2,359.7	4.2	52.4				
With dependants	530.9	677.6	1,208.5	46.0	74.8	1,283.3	717.1	2,000.4	5.8	64.2				
Without dependants	627.2	348.6	975.8	32.8	45.0	1,020.8	1,048.0	2,068.7	4.4	49.3				
Lone parent	131.9	115.3	247.2	36.9	52.5	299.8	310.7	610.4	17.5	49.1				
With children under 15	71.0	90.0	161.0	25.2	39.3	200.4	192.4	392.7	19.6	51.0				
With dependent students but without children under 15	27.5	10.3	37.8	4.1	5.0	42.8	17.6	60.4	11.7	70.9				
Without dependants	33.4	15.0	48.4	7.5	8.2	56.6	100.7	157.3	14.5	36.0				
Dependent student(b)	4.0	196.8	200.7	* 3.5	37.5	238.2	226.6	464.9	15.8	51.2				
Non-dependent child(c)	273.4	79.6	353.0	34.2	38.0	391.0	48.7	439.7	9.7	88.9				
Other family person	46.2	20.2	66.4	8.3	9.5	75.9	116.5	192.4	12.5	39.4				
Non-family member	380.4	133.6	514.0	42.4	51.3	565.3	623.6	1,188.9	9.1	47.6				
Lone person	185.7	61.3	247.0	21.8	26.2	273.2	549.0	822.2	9.6	33.2				
Not living alone	194.8	72.2	267.0	20.7	25.1	292.1	74.6	366.7	8.6	79.7				
Total	1,993.9	1,571.6	3,565.5	204.0	308.7	3,874.2	3,091.3	6,965.5	8.0	55.6				
PERSONS														
Family member	5,045.5	1,899.3	6,944.8	439.5	590.8	7,535.6	3,868.7	11,404.3	7.8	66.1				
Husband or wife	3,949.9	1,248.8	5,198.7	233.9	286.0	5,484.7	2,751.1	8,235.8	5.2	66.6				
With children under 15	1,904.3	669.6	2,573.9	125.9	158.0	2,731.9	740.4	3,472.3	5.8	78.7				
Without children under 15	2,045.6	579.3	2,624.9	108.0	127.9	2,752.8	2,010.7	4,763.5	4.6	57.8				
With dependants	2,262.9	771.7	3,034.6	141.7	175.9	3,210.6	849.1	4,059.7	5.5	79.1				
Without dependants	1,687.0	477.1	2,164.1	92.2	110.0	2,274.1	1,902.0	4,176.1	4.8	54.5				
Lone parent	192.7	123.5	316.2	43.5	60.6	376.8	346.4	723.2	16.1	52.1				
With children under 15	93.7	95.3	189.0	29.2	44.7	233.7	204.3	438.0	19.1	53.4				
With dependent students but without children under 15	41.6	11.6	53.1	5.3	6.2	59.3	19.5	78.8	10.4	75.3				
Without dependants	57.4	16.7	74.0	9.0	9.7	83.8	122.6	206.4	11.6	40.6				
Dependent student(b)	8.7	348.3	357.0	9.8	79.6	436.6	489.8	926.5	18.2	47.1				
Non-dependent child(c)	772.2	146.0	918.2	122.6	131.4	1,049.7	115.4	1,165.0	12.5	90.1				
Other family person	122.1	32.6	154.6	29.8	33.2	187.8	166.0	353.7	17.7	53.1				
Non-family member	1,039.0	229.0	1,268.0	145.6	165.3	1,433.3	940.2	2,373.5	11.5	60.4				
Lone person	534.6	112.0	646.6	77.5	86.4	733.0	797.0	1,530.0	11.8	47.9				
Not living alone	504.3	117.0	621.4	68.1	78.9	700.3	143.2	843.5	11.3	83.0				
Total	6,084.5	2,128.2	8,212.7	585.1	756.1	8,968.8	4,809.0	13,777.8	8.4	65.1				

(a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 45 and 46. (b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school. Also excludes sons or daughters aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or lone parents. (c) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 36. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE, NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS,
SEPTEMBER 1997
('000 families)

Number of family members of any age	None employed			One employed			Two or more employed			Total		
	None or more unemp-loyed		Total	None or more unemp-loyed		Total	None or more unemp-loyed		Total	None or more unemp-loyed		Total
	COUPLE FAMILY			ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A MALE PARENT			ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A FEMALE PARENT			ONE PARENT FAMILIES: TOTAL		
Two	647.2	38.2	685.4	240.9	37.8	278.7	687.1	..	687.1	1,575.2	76.0	1,651.3
Three	47.6	34.7	82.3	223.4	35.2	258.5	494.3	24.6	518.9	765.2	94.5	859.7
Four	18.0	30.9	48.9	227.5	45.4	272.9	613.3	45.0	658.3	858.7	121.3	980.0
Five	11.9	15.3	27.2	113.6	18.5	132.1	270.3	25.2	295.5	395.9	58.9	454.8
Six or more	7.2	10.3	17.5	57.0	6.8	63.8	86.2	11.5	97.7	150.5	28.5	179.0
Total	731.9	129.4	861.2	862.4	143.6	1,006.1	2,151.2	106.2	2,257.5	3,745.5	379.2	4,124.8
ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A MALE PARENT												
Two	11.1	7.0	18.0	29.1	4.8	33.9	18.7	..	18.7	58.9	11.8	70.7
Three or more	5.5	* 3.8	9.3	15.3	* 3.6	18.9	12.6	* 2.1	14.7	33.5	9.5	42.9
Total	16.6	10.8	27.3	44.4	8.4	52.8	31.4	* 2.1	33.5	92.4	21.3	113.7
ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A FEMALE PARENT												
Two	108.1	33.1	141.2	120.3	9.3	129.6	39.7	..	39.7	268.1	42.4	310.5
Three	66.7	17.7	84.4	69.7	9.3	78.9	36.8	4.3	41.1	173.2	31.2	204.4
Four	25.8	6.2	32.0	19.2	5.4	24.6	13.5	* 2.9	16.4	58.5	14.5	73.0
Five or more	11.4	* 3.9	15.3	5.3	* 1.3	6.6	6.2	* 1.5	7.7	22.9	6.7	29.6
Total	212.1	60.8	272.9	214.5	25.2	239.7	96.2	8.7	104.9	522.7	94.8	617.5
ONE PARENT FAMILIES: TOTAL												
Two	119.2	40.0	159.2	149.4	14.1	163.6	58.4	..	58.4	327.0	54.2	381.2
Three	69.1	20.8	90.0	81.9	11.8	93.7	46.1	5.5	51.7	197.2	38.1	235.4
Four	28.6	6.8	35.4	21.5	6.5	28.0	16.0	* 3.8	19.8	66.2	17.0	83.2
Five or more	11.7	* 3.9	15.6	6.0	* 1.3	7.3	7.0	* 1.5	8.5	24.7	6.7	31.4
Total	228.6	71.6	300.2	258.9	33.6	292.5	127.6	10.8	138.4	615.1	116.1	731.2
OTHER FAMILY												
Two	19.2	4.1	23.3	15.2	11.6	26.7	32.4	..	32.4	66.7	15.6	82.4
Three or more	* 1.9	* 0.7	* 2.6	* 0.6	* 1.2	* 1.8	4.0	* 0.5	4.5	6.5	* 2.4	8.9
Total	21.1	4.8	25.9	15.8	12.7	28.6	36.3	* 0.5	36.9	73.2	18.1	91.3
TOTAL												
Two	785.6	82.3	867.9	405.5	63.5	469.0	777.9	..	777.9	1,969.0	145.9	2,114.8
Three	118.3	56.2	174.5	305.9	48.1	354.1	544.2	30.3	574.5	968.4	134.7	1,103.1
Four	46.9	37.7	84.6	249.0	51.9	300.9	629.5	49.1	678.6	925.4	138.7	1,064.1
Five	20.9	18.1	39.1	118.7	19.6	138.3	276.3	26.1	302.4	415.9	63.8	479.7
Six or more	10.0	11.3	21.3	58.0	6.9	64.9	87.2	12.1	99.3	155.2	30.3	185.5
Total	981.6	205.8	1,187.4	1,137.1	190.0	1,327.2	2,315.1	117.6	2,432.7	4,433.9	513.4	4,947.2

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 45 and 46 for details of exclusions to family tables.

TABLE 37. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE, NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDANTS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1997
('000 families)

	Number of children under 15			Number of dependants			
	None	One	Two or more	None		One	Two or more
				Total	One		
NO FAMILY MEMBER EMPLOYED							
Couple family	740.8	47.3	73.1	728.7	48.3	84.3	861.2
One or both spouses unemployed(b)	45.5	24.7	42.4	42.2	23.3	47.0	112.5
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	12.7	6.3	7.8	11.8	4.9	10.2	26.8
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	26.9	16.9	31.4	25.2	16.8	33.3	75.2
Neither spouse unemployed	695.4	22.7	30.7	686.4	25.0	37.3	748.7
One parent families	71.5	118.3	110.3	54.0	122.1	124.1	300.2
Parent unemployed	7.0	24.2	16.3	* 2.9	24.7	19.9	47.5
Male parent unemployed	* 1.7	* 3.6	* 1.6	* 0.6	4.6	* 1.6	6.8
Female parent unemployed	5.4	20.6	14.7	* 2.4	20.0	18.3	40.7
Parent not unemployed	64.5	94.2	94.1	51.0	97.5	104.3	252.8
Male parent not in the labour force	10.3	5.7	4.5	8.5	7.1	4.9	20.6
Female parent not in the labour force	54.2	88.5	89.5	42.5	90.3	99.4	232.2
Other family	25.9	..	..	25.9	..	..	25.9
Family head unemployed	* 3.0	..	..	* 3.0	..	..	* 3.0
Family head not unemployed	23.0	..	..	23.0	..	..	23.0
Family head not in the labour force	23.0	..	..	23.0	..	..	23.0
Total	838.3	165.7	183.4	808.5	170.4	208.4	1,187.4
ONE OR MORE FAMILY MEMBERS EMPLOYED							
Couple family	1,650.8	611.4	1,001.3	1,370.9	634.0	1,258.6	3,263.5
One or both spouses unemployed(b)	68.8	28.9	45.9	55.4	30.1	58.1	143.6
Husband employed, wife unemployed	31.0	17.4	31.2	26.0	15.8	37.7	79.6
Husband unemployed, wife employed	28.2	8.8	13.4	23.1	10.2	17.1	50.4
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	* 2.0	* 0.5	* 0.2	* 1.4	* 0.6	* 0.6	* 2.7
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	5.8	* 1.8	* 1.1	* 3.5	* 3.0	* 2.2	8.8
Neither spouse unemployed	1,582.0	582.6	955.4	1,315.5	603.9	1,200.5	3,120.0
Husband employed, wife employed	1,086.3	389.7	573.0	893.4	398.9	756.8	2,049.1
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	316.3	175.6	361.6	266.0	175.6	411.8	853.4
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	88.6	12.3	17.0	75.6	—	19.2	23.1
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	90.7	5.0	* 3.9	80.5	10.2	8.9	99.6
One parent families	220.8	124.3	85.8	158.1	147.7	125.1	430.9
Parent unemployed	9.5	* 3.2	* 1.0	7.3	* 3.5	* 2.8	13.6
Parent not unemployed	211.4	121.1	84.9	150.9	144.2	122.3	417.3
Male parent employed	41.7	16.8	11.0	26.3	27.2	16.0	69.5
Female parent employed	89.0	93.2	68.6	50.5	104.8	95.5	250.8
Male parent not in the labour force	13.6	* 1.5	* 0.3	13.4	* 0.9	* 1.1	15.4
Female parent not in the labour force	67.1	9.6	5.0	60.7	11.3	9.7	81.6
Other family	65.4	..	..	65.4	..	..	65.4
Family head unemployed	6.8	..	..	6.8	..	..	6.8
Family head not unemployed	58.6	..	..	58.6	..	..	58.6
Family head employed	48.2	..	..	48.2	..	..	48.2
Family head not in the labour force	10.4	..	..	10.4	..	..	10.4
Total	1,937.0	735.7	1,087.1	1,594.5	781.7	1,383.7	3,759.9
TOTAL							
Couple family	2,391.6	658.8	1,074.4	2,099.6	682.3	1,342.8	4,124.8
One or both spouses unemployed(b)	114.3	53.6	88.3	97.7	53.4	105.0	256.1
Husband employed, wife unemployed	31.0	17.4	31.2	26.0	15.8	37.7	79.6
Husband unemployed, wife employed	28.2	8.8	13.4	23.1	10.2	17.1	50.4
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	14.7	6.8	8.0	13.2	5.5	10.8	29.5
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	32.7	18.8	32.5	28.7	19.8	35.5	84.0
Neither spouse unemployed	2,277.3	605.2	986.1	2,002.0	628.9	1,237.8	3,868.7
Husband employed, wife employed	1,086.3	389.7	573.0	893.4	398.9	756.8	2,049.1
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	316.3	175.6	361.6	266.0	175.6	411.8	853.4
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	88.6	12.3	17.0	75.6	19.2	23.1	117.9
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	786.1	27.6	34.5	766.9	35.1	46.2	848.3
One parent families	292.4	242.6	196.2	212.1	269.8	249.2	731.2
Parent unemployed	16.5	27.4	17.3	10.2	28.2	22.7	61.1
Male parent unemployed	* 2.8	* 3.8	* 1.6	* 1.7	4.7	* 1.8	8.2
Female parent unemployed	13.7	23.6	15.7	8.5	23.5	20.9	52.9
Parent not unemployed	275.9	215.3	178.9	201.9	241.7	226.5	670.1
Male parent employed	41.7	16.8	11.0	26.3	27.2	16.0	69.5
Female parent employed	89.0	93.2	68.6	50.5	104.8	95.5	250.8
Male parent not in the labour force	23.9	7.2	4.8	21.9	8.1	6.0	36.0
Female parent not in the labour force	121.3	98.0	94.5	103.1	101.6	109.0	313.8
Other family	91.3	..	..	91.3	..	..	91.3
Family head unemployed	9.8	..	..	9.8	..	..	9.8
Family head not unemployed	81.5	..	..	81.5	..	..	81.5
Family head employed	48.2	..	..	48.2	..	..	48.2
Family head not in the labour force	33.3	..	..	33.3	..	..	33.3
Total	2,775.3	901.4	1,270.5	2,403.0	952.1	1,592.1	4,947.2

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 45 and 46 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

1 This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the Labour Force Survey component of the Monthly Population Survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.

2 Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for over 77 regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. These data are also available on microfiche or as a special data service. For details, contact any ABS office.

3 Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary* (6202.0).

4 Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics appears at the end of this publication.

POPULATION SURVEY

5 The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (currently about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about 0.5% of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

INTRODUCTION OF TELEPHONE INTERVIEWING

6 The ABS introduced the use of telephone interviewing into the Labour Force Survey over the period August 1996 to February 1997. Households selected for the Labour Force Survey are interviewed each month for eight months, with one-eighth of the sample being replaced each month. The first interview is conducted face-to-face. Subsequent interviews are then conducted by telephone (if acceptable to the respondent). The method was phased in by switching each incoming sample group over to telephone interviewing in its second month in the survey.

7 During the period of implementation, the new method produced different estimates than would have been obtained under the old methodology. The effect peaked in November 1996, when it is estimated that the published estimate of total employment was about 36,000 to 48,000 lower than would have been measured under the old methodology. The effect dissipated over the final months of implementation and was no longer discernible from February 1997. Therefore, the estimates for February 1997 and onwards are directly comparable to estimates for periods prior to August 1996.

SCOPE	<p>8 The Labour Force Survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ members of the permanent defence forces; ▪ certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations; ▪ overseas residents in Australia; and ▪ members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia. <p>From July 1993 Jervis Bay Territory has been excluded from the scope of the survey. Before July 1993 it was included in estimates for the Australian Capital Territory.</p>
COVERAGE	<p>9 In the Labour Force Survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 45 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics.</p> <p>10 Persons who are away from their usual residence for six weeks or less at the time of interview are enumerated at their usual residence (relevant information may be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey).</p>
POPULATION BENCHMARKS	<p>11 Labour Force Survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the usually resident population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for more than six weeks but for less than 12 months are included in the independent population statistics (benchmarks) and are thus provided for in the calculation of the estimates. The benchmarks are the latest available estimates at the time the Labour Force Survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in <i>Australian Demographic Statistics</i> (3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.</p>
REVISION OF POPULATION BENCHMARKS	<p>12 Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each Census of Population and Housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1994 to take account of the results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, which affected all the monthly estimates from January 1989 to January 1994.</p> <p>13 Population benchmarks used in the estimation of Labour Force Survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation</p>

of the conceptual basis of population estimates, see *Information Paper: Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates* (3216.0). Prior to October 1982, labour force estimates were based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence.

HISTORY OF THE SURVEY

14 National surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964 to February 1978. The survey has been conducted on a monthly basis since February 1978.

QUESTIONNAIRE CHANGES

15 The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised from time to time, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984, June 1986, June 1991 and March 1993.

INCLUSION OF CONTRIBUTING FAMILY WORKERS

16 In April 1986, the questionnaire was revised following the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1-14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers). This definition aligned the Australian labour force concepts with the set of definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.

17 Previously, contributing family workers who worked 1-14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were shown in footnotes to tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April 1987 issues of this publication.

18 A revised procedure for weighting families estimates, as presented in this publication, was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 50 contains more details.

COMPARABILITY OF SERIES

19 As noted in paragraph 12, estimates from January 1989 were revised to conform to revised population estimates following the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to January 1989. An examination of the revised estimates showed that the effects on Labour Force Survey estimates for the period before January 1989 were inconsequential, and that no meaningful purpose would be served by publishing revised estimates for that period.

20 Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly Wage and Salary Earners Survey is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The Labour Force Survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the Wage and Salary Earners Survey provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by wage and salary earners. A more

detailed description of the differences between these two series is available on request.

21 From December 1989 onwards, the category 'other families' was split into 'one-parent families' and 'other families'. Therefore estimates of other families were not strictly comparable with estimates in previous issues. However, in November 1989, 97% of other families with dependants were one-parent families. In March 1994, a new families classification was introduced which also affected comparability (see paragraphs 47 to 49).

SURVEY SAMPLE REDESIGN

22 Following each Population Census, the ABS reselects the Labour Force Survey sample to take into account the new information which is obtained from the Census. The sample that was used in the Labour Force Survey from September 1992 to August 1997 is being gradually replaced by a new sample selected using information collected in the 1996 Census. The new sample is being phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998. For additional information, see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).

23 The sampling fractions for each State/Territory differ in order to yield reliable estimates of the main labour force aggregates for each State and Territory. The sampling fractions for the new sample together with the sampling fractions determined from the 1991 Census are:

	1991 Census redesign	1996 Census redesign
New South Wales	1 in 277	1 in 300
Victoria	1 in 242	1 in 257
Queensland	1 in 195	1 in 222
South Australia	1 in 139	1 in 147
Western Australia	1 in 146	1 in 160
Tasmania	1 in 75	1 in 83
Northern Territory	1 in 75	1 in 85
Australian Capital Territory	1 in 75	1 in 85

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

24 Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Notes; and
- non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CENSUS AND LABOUR FORCE SURVEY ESTIMATES

25 The results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force estimates derived from the Census differ from those derived from the Labour Force Survey.

26 The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the Census and the survey. It should be noted, however, that census estimates of unemployment do not take into account the 'available for work' criterion.

27 There are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the Population Census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the Labour Force Survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 11), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or Census.

28 The Labour Force Survey provides detailed and up-to-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, States and regions, whereas the Census of Population and Housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.

29 These considerations should be borne in mind when comparisons are made between Population Census and Labour Force Survey estimates.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

30 Seasonally adjusted series are published in tables 2, 8 and 26. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. For example, irregular factors unrelated to the trend account for more than half the seasonally adjusted movement in series at the Australia level, with the following frequency:

<i>Series</i>	<i>Monthly movements</i>
Employment	5 in 10
Unemployment	7 in 10
Unemployment rate	7 in 10
Participation rate	9 in 10

31 The seasonal factors for all seasonally adjusted series are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1997, revised the Australian and State seasonally adjusted and trend monthly series back to February 1978. For information

about the method of adjustment, please refer to the feature article in the February 1997 issue of this publication. Revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for all months for Australia and the States are available on request. Inquiries concerning this data should be directed to Donna Maurer on Canberra 02 6252 6525.

TREND ESTIMATION

32 Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series. Quarterly trend estimates (e.g. employment by industry) are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. The 7-term Henderson average also uses surrogate forms of the average as the end of a time series is approached. Unlike the surrogate weights of the 13-term Henderson used on monthly data, the weights employed here are tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 2 to 5 with the trend series published in tables 3, 9 and 26. Data from February 1978 are available on the ABS on-line data dissemination service, PC Ausstats. The trend series of the participation rate for married females are based on smoothed population estimates.

33 While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months or two quarters have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 31.

34 Trend estimates for the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory are published in table 9. Original estimates for the two Territories have shown, historically, a high degree of variability, which can lead to considerable revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates after each annual seasonal factor re-analysis. Seasonally adjusted estimates are not currently published for the two Territories. The most recent six months trend estimates are subject to revision. For the three most recent months, the revision may be relatively large. Inferences about trends drawn from smoothed seasonally adjusted (trend) estimates for months earlier than the latest three months are unlikely to be affected by month-to-month revisions. They may, however, be revised as a result of the annual re-analysis of seasonal factors.

35 Users may wish to refer to the ABS publication *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring 'Trends' an Overview* (1348.0) for further information about trend estimates. Details of the trend weighting patterns are available on request from the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345.

MONTH-TO-MONTH
MOVEMENTS

36 Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 24.

GROSS FLOWS

37 In order to minimise respondent load and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one-eighth of the dwellings are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

38 Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of flows between the different categories of the population and labour force.

39 The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10% of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. The introduction of the new sample means less persons will be common between August, September and October 1997. Normally those who can be matched represent about 80% of all persons in the survey. For September 1997, about 70% of persons who were in the August survey, could be matched.

40 Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table (table 33). About two-thirds of the remaining (unmatched) 30% of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other third are likely to be somewhat different.

41 Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months. Note that the estimates have not been adjusted to account for the unmatched sample component.

42 Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the proportions of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

43 While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to

accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Notes. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from table A of the Technical Notes.

LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND OTHER CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES

44 As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their relationship in the household and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children under 15 present and the number of dependants present.

45 Because of the coverage rules, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is difficult.

Thus for survey questions used to determine family relationships, scope was further restricted to usual residents of private dwellings and the following persons were excluded:

- all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
- persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.

46 In addition, in those households where it was not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information was recorded. Thus persons living in households which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are excluded from survey questions used to determine family relationships because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly households which, at the time of the survey, have one or more of their usual residents away for more than six weeks, are excluded from the family survey. This also applies to households from which an incomplete or inadequate questionnaire was obtained for any usual resident in on scope and coverage. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, relationship in household is determined for more than 90% of all civilians aged 15 and over.

CHANGES IN FAMILIES CLASSIFICATIONS

47 *Relationship in household* and *Family type* classifications were introduced in the March 1994 issue of this publication to align with ABS

standards. Most categories in the two classifications remain comparable with categories in the previous classifications. The cases in which there are breaks in comparability are discussed in the following paragraphs.

48 Relationship in household. This classification was previously referred to as *Family status*.

- *Lone parents* (previously referred to as *Sole parents*) now includes parents with non-dependent children (provided those children are without a spouse or children of their own). These *Lone parents without dependants* are shown separately in table 35 and there were 205,800 such persons in March 1994.
- *Dependent students* (previously *Full-time students aged 15-24*) now comprise sons or daughters (of a couple or a lone parent) aged 15-19 attending school or aged 15-24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time. Other related full-time students, who were also previously classified as *Full-time students aged 15-24* are now included in *Other family persons*. There were 24,200 such persons in March 1994.
- *Other family persons* now comprises the previous groups *Other family head*, excluding those now counted as *Lone parents* (79,200 persons in March 1994), the other related full-time students previously classified as *Full-time students aged 15-24* (see above; 24,200 in March 1994) and *Other relative of married couple or family head* (218,100 in March 1994).

49 Family type. This classification was previously referred to as *Type of family*. There are three types of families in the new classification, as follows:

- *Couple families* is the term used to describe families previously referred to as *Married-couple families*. Apart from the name change, the new category is otherwise exactly comparable with the old category.
- *One-parent families* now includes those families in which there is a lone parent with only non-dependent children present. Such families were previously included in *Other families*. There were 208,400 of these families in March 1994.
- *Other families* now excludes those families in which there is a lone parent with only non-dependent children present (see above).

50 Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the Labour Force Survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.

BIRTHPLACE

51 From April 1991, labour force birthplace data are aggregated according to major groups of the *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics* (ASCCSS) (1269.0). The ASCCSS was developed by the ABS

for use whenever demographic, labour and social statistics are classified by countries.

52 The ASCCSS major groups are based on the concept of geographic proximity. They differ from the country groups presented in this publication prior to April 1991. For example, African countries are now covered by 'The Middle East and North Africa' and 'Africa (excluding North Africa)', while Asia has been split into 'Southeast Asia', 'Northeast Asia' and 'Southern Asia'. Data for selected individual countries will continue to be available in this publication and comprehensively on microfiche.

INDUSTRY

53 From August 1994, Labour Force Survey industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), a detailed description of which appears in *ANZSIC 1993* (1292.0). Like the previous Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), ANZSIC classifies businesses according to their economic activities, in a structure consisting of 4 levels (Division, Subdivision, Group and Class). Labour Force Survey data are coded at the Group level, as was the practice under ASIC.

54 To enable the conversion of historical data from ASIC to ANZSIC for the period November 1984 to May 1994, a concordance was published in the August 1994 issue of this publication and in the *Information Paper — Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for Industry Data (Replacement Publication)* (6259.0). It has been found that the concordance, which was based on preliminary investigations, did not provide the most appropriate conversion for certain Group level industries. An improved concordance has now been applied to historical Labour Force Survey estimates. This concordance was published in an appendix to the May 1996 issue of this publication, and in a further issue of the above Information Paper. For further information about the new concordance or the availability of data, contact Donna Maurer on Canberra 02 6252 6525.

OCCUPATION

55 From August 1996, Labour Force Survey occupation data are classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) Second Edition, a detailed description of which appears in *ASCO — Australian Standard of Occupations, Information Paper* (1221.0). The new version of the classification replaces ASCO First Edition, which was adopted in the survey in August 1986. Like the previous ASCO First Edition, ASCO Second Edition is a skill-based classification of occupation. However, the structure of ASCO Second Edition comprises five hierarchical levels (Major Group, Sub-Major Group, Minor Group, Unit Group and Occupation) compared with four levels in ASCO First Edition (Major Group, Minor Group, Unit Group and Occupation). Labour Force Survey data are coded to the Unit Group level, as was practice under ASCO First Edition.

ADDITIONAL DATA

56 Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status in employment are available each February, May, August and November. For these months, the following tables are also published in this publication:

- Employed persons;
- Industry (original, seasonally adjusted and trend);
- Industry and occupation;
- Full-time and part-time workers;
- Status in employment;
- Age and birthplace;
- Hours worked;
- Industry Divisions and Subdivisions;
- Occupation Major and Minor groups;
- Industry by occupation;
- Unemployed persons; and
- Industry and occupation of last full-time job;
- * Unemployment rate.

Seasonally adjusted estimates of employed persons by industry have been published in this bulletin since February 1993. Trend estimates have been published since August 1994.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

57 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0) — issued monthly

Labour Force, Australia, 1978 — 1995 (6204.0)

Labour Force Projections, Australia: 1995 to 2011 (6260.0)

Labour Force, New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory (6201.1)
— issued quarterly

Labour Force, Victoria (6202.2) — issued quarterly

Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3) — issued quarterly

South Australian Economic Indicators (1307.4) — issued monthly

Tasmanian Statistical Indicators (1303.6) — issued monthly

Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0) — issued quarterly

Labour Statistics, Australia (6101.0) — issued annually

Australia's Long-term Unemployed — A Statistical Profile (6255.0)

Australian Labour Market (6284.0) — issued annually

Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey
(6232.0)

Labour Force Survey Sample Design (6269.0)

Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia (6224.0)

Information Paper: Regional Labour Force Statistics September 1997 (6262.0)

Revised Labour Force Survey Estimates: January 1984 to January 1989 (6276.0)

Information Paper: Measuring Employment and Unemployment (6279.0)

A Guide to Labour Statistics (6102.0)

A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring "Trends" An Overview (1348.0)

Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for industry data (Replacement publication) (6259.0)

Directory of Labour Market and Social Survey Data (Choosing data from the ABS Household Survey Program) (1135.0).

58 Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Release Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

UNPUBLISHED STATISTICS

59 The ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information is available on a number of media such as floppy disk, microfiche and customised reports. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to Donna Maurer on Canberra 02 6252 6525 or any ABS office.

ROUNDING

60 Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

*	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 7 of the Technical Notes
n.a.	not available
...	not applicable
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
r	revised

TECHNICAL NOTES

A new sample for the Labour Force Survey is being phased in over the period September 1997 to April 1998. For information about the sample design see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The *sampling error* is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the *relative standard error* which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.

The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. It is not possible to quantify non-sampling error, but every effort is made to reduce it to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures. For the examples on pages 49 and 50 it is assumed to be zero. In practice, the potential for non-sampling error adds to the uncertainty of the estimates caused by sampling variability.

Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using tables A and B.

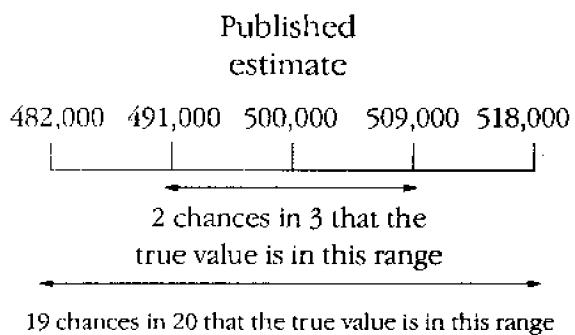
The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in table A show, *the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error*. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25% or less, and percentages based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

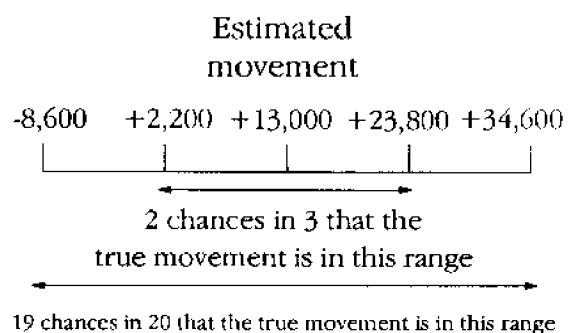
The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in table B. Standard errors of *quarterly* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.11. Standard errors of all *annual* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.3. When using table A or table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:

- Consider an estimate for Australia of 500,000 employed persons aged 15–19. By referring to table A, in the row for an estimate of 500,000 and the column for Australia, a standard error of 9,000 is obtained. There are about two chances in three that the true value (the number that would have been obtained if the whole population had been included in the survey) is within the range 491,000 to 509,000. There are about nineteen chances in twenty that the true value is in the range 482,000 to 518,000.



- Consider estimates for females employed part time in Australia of 1,387,000 in one month and 1,400,000 in the next month. This represents an upward movement of 13,000. By referring to table B for the larger estimate of 1,400,000, a movement standard error of 10,800 is obtained (after applying linear interpolation and rounding). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the true movement is in the range +2,200 to +23,800 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the true movement is in the range -8,600 to +34,600.



The relative standard errors of estimates of *aggregate hours worked*, *average hours worked*, *average duration of unemployment*, and *median duration of unemployment* are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

- aggregate hours worked: 1.2;
- average hours worked: 0.7;
- average duration of unemployment: 1.3; and
- median duration of unemployment: 2.0.

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25% are shown in table C.

The following is an example of the calculation of standard errors where the use of a factor is required.

Consider a median duration of unemployment for Australia of 30 weeks, with an estimate of 1,000,000 persons unemployed. Table A gives the standard error as 11,800 which is 1.2% as a *relative standard error*. The factor of 2.0 (see paragraph 10) is applied to the relative standard error of 1.2% to obtain 2.4%. Therefore the *standard error* for the median duration of unemployment is 2.4% of 30 weeks, i.e. about one week. So there are two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment is between 29 and 31 weeks, and about nineteen chances in twenty that it is between 28 and 32 weeks.

Proportions and percentages (for example, unemployment rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

$$RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 + [RSE(y)]^2}$$

Standard errors contained in tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly Labour Force Survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in tables A and B, while standard errors for estimates of unemployment and persons not in the labour force are approximately 3% and 11%, respectively, higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors of estimates of persons born in Australia are approximately the same as those shown in tables A and B. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are about 14% higher. The standard errors vary for individual countries of birth, but are on average about 7% higher.

A STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM SEPTEMBER 1992(a)

Size of estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%
100						90	100	80	-
200			210	180	200	130	140	120	190
300	320	290	260	220	250	160	170	140	240
500	420	380	340	290	310	210	210	180	320
700	500	450	400	340	370	240	250	210	390
1 000	590	540	480	400	440	290	290	240	480
1 500	720	670	590	490	530	350	350	290	590
2 000	830	770	680	560	610	400	400	330	690
2 500	930	860	750	620	670	440	440	360	780
3 000	1 000	940	820	670	730	470	480	390	860
4 000	1 150	1 100	940	770	830	530	540	440	990
5 000	1 300	1 200	1 050	850	920	580	600	490	1 100
7 000	1 500	1 400	1 200	980	1 050	660	700	560	1 300
10 000	1 750	1 650	1 400	1 150	1 250	750	830	640	1 600
15 000	2 100	2 000	1 700	1 350	1 500	870	1 000	760	1 900
20 000	2 400	2 250	1 950	1 550	1 650	960	1 150	840	2 200
30 000	2 850	2 700	2 300	1 800	1 950	1 100	1 400	990	2 650
50 000	3 550	3 300	2 850	2 250	2 450	1 250	1 750	1 200	3 400
70 000	4 100	3 800	3 250	2 550	2 800	1 400	2 050	1 350	3 950
100 000	4 750	4 400	3 750	2 900	3 200	1 550	2 450	1 550	4 600
150 000	5 600	5 200	4 400	3 400	3 750	1 700	2 950	1 750	5 500
200 000	6 200	5 800	4 950	3 750	4 150	1 800	3 400	1 950	6 200
300 000	7 300	6 700	5 800	4 350	4 850	1 950	2 250	7 300	2 4
500 000	8 800	8 100	7 000	5 200	5 800	2 200		9 000	1.8
1 000 000	11 300	10 400	8 900	6 600	7 400			11 800	1.2
2 000 000	14 300	13 100	11 300	8 200	9 400			15 200	0.8
5 000 000	19 300	17 600	15 300				—	21 000	0.4
10 000 000								26 500	0.3

(a) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

B STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FOR AUGUST 1997 TO SEPTEMBER 1997(a)

Size of larger estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
200				230	290	140	110	120	
300		420	440	270	340	170	130	140	460
500	620	510	530	320	400	200	170	170	560
700	700	570	590	360	460	230	190	190	640
1 000	800	650	670	410	520	260	230	220	730
1 500	930	760	770	480	600	300	270	250	850
2 000	1 050	840	850	530	660	330	310	280	940
2 500	1 100	910	920	580	720	360	340	300	1 050
3 000	1 200	980	980	610	770	390	360	320	1 100
4 000	1 350	1 100	1 100	680	850	430	410	360	1 200
5 000	1 450	1 200	1 150	740	920	470	450	390	1 350
7 000	1 650	1 350	1 300	830	1 050	530	530	440	1 500
10 000	1 850	1 500	1 500	950	1 200	600	610	500	1 700
15 000	2 150	1 750	1 700	1 100	1 350	700	730	580	2 000
20 000	2 400	1 950	1 900	1 200	1 500	770	830	640	2 250
30 000	2 750	2 300	2 150	1 400	1 750	900	990	750	2 600
50 000	3 350	2 750	2 550	1 700	2 100	1 100	1 250	900	3 150
70 000	3 750	3 100	2 900	1 900	2 350	1 200	1 400	1 000	3 550
100 000	4 300	3 550	3 250	2 200	2 650	1 400	1 650	1 150	4 100
150 000	5 000	4 100	3 750	2 550	3 100	1 600	2 000	1 350	4 750
200 000	5 500	4 550	4 150	2 800	3 400	1 800	2 250	1 500	5 300
300 000	6 400	5 300	4 750	3 250	3 950	2 100		1 750	6 200
500 000	7 700	6 400	5 700	3 900	4 750	2 500			7 500
1 000 000	10 000	8 300	7 200	5 000	6 100				9 700
2 000 000	12 800	10 700	9 100	6 400	7 800				12 500
5 000 000	17 900	14 900	12 500						17 700
10 000 000									22 900

(a) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

C LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25%(a) FROM SEPTEMBER 1992(b)

	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Aust.
Estimates classified by									
Aggregate hours worked	7 400	6 500	5 000	3 400	4 000	1 800	1 800	1 300	5 700
Average hours worked	2 700	2 300	1 800	1 300	1 500	700	700	500	1 900
Average duration of unemployment	8 600	7 500	5 800	4 000	4 600	2 100	2 100	1 500	6 800
Median duration of unemployment	18 800	16 500	12 600	8 600	9 900	4 400	4 700	3 200	15 800
All other estimates	5 300	4 600	3 500	2 400	2 900	1 300	1 300	1 000	4 000

(a) See Technical Notes, page 48. (b) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

GLOSSARY

Actively looking for work	Includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives.
Aggregate hours worked	The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid for.
Attending school	Persons aged 15–19 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools.
Attending tertiary educational institution full time	Persons aged 15–24 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at a TAFE college, university, or other tertiary educational institution.
Average duration of unemployment	For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.
Average family size	For any group of families, the total number of family members divided by the number of families in the group.
Average hours worked	Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in that group.
Birthplace	From April 1991, classified according to the <i>Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics (ASCCS)</i> (1269.0).
Contributing family worker	A person who works without pay, in an economic enterprise operated by a related person living in the same household. (This category was formerly entitled unpaid family helper).
Couple families	Families in which there are two married persons and these persons are husband and wife.
Dependants	All family members under 15 years of age; all family members aged 15–19 attending school or aged 15–24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Dependent student	In couple or one-parent families, sons or daughters aged 15–19 attending school or aged 15–24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Duration of unemployment	The period from the time a person began looking for work or was stood down, to the end of the reference week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the reference week.
Employed	Persons aged 15 and over who, during the reference week:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or

- worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or
- were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
- were employers, own account workers or contributing family workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

Employee A person who works for a public or private employer and receives remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips, piece-rates or pay in kind, or in their own business, either with or without employees, if that business was incorporated. (This category was formerly entitled wage and salary earner).

Employer A person who operates his or her own economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires one or more employees, and the business was not incorporated.

Employment/population ratio For any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.

Family Two or more related persons (*relationship* includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption) usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head as defined, together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them:

- sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present;
- other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or
- any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.

Family head Any person without a spouse present:

- with a son or daughter aged under 15 present; or
- without a son or daughter aged under 15 present, but with a son or daughter aged 15 or over present (provided that the son or daughter has no spouse, son or daughter of his/her own present); or

Where a family has no person falling into either of these categories, the family head is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family.

No family head is determined for a couple family.

Former workers Unemployed persons who have previously worked full time for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.

Full-time workers Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and others who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.

Household	A group of one or more persons in a private dwelling who consider themselves to be separate from other persons (if any) in the dwelling and who make regular provision to take meals separately from other persons, i.e. at different times or in different rooms. Lodgers who receive accommodation but not meals are treated as separate households. Boarders who receive both accommodation and meals are not treated as separate households. A household may consist of any number of families and non-family members.
Industry	From August 1994, classified according to the <i>Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 1993</i> (1292.0).
Job leavers	Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and <i>left that job voluntarily</i> , that is, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they left that job to return to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties; or any other reasons.
Job losers	Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and <i>left that job involuntarily</i> , that is, were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they did not leave that job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.
Labour force	For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.
Labour force status	A classification of the civilian population aged 15 and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.
Lone parent	The head of a one-parent family.
Lone person	A person who is the sole member of a household.
Long-term unemployed	Persons unemployed for a period of 52 weeks or more.
Main English speaking countries	The United Kingdom, Ireland, South Africa, Canada, the United States of America and New Zealand.
Marital status	Persons are classified as married (husband and wife) if they are reported as being married (including <i>de facto</i>) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household.
Median duration of unemployment	The duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
Non-dependent child	In couple or one parent families, sons or daughters aged 15 and over, other than those classified as dependent students, husbands, wives or sole parents.
Non-family member	A person who is not related to any other member of the household in which they are living.

Not in the labour force	Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.
Occupation	From August 1996, classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) Second Edition 1996. See <i>Information Paper: ASCO – Australian Standard Classification of Occupations</i> (1221.0).
One-parent families	Families in which there is a family head together with at least one son or daughter of his/her own.
Other families	Families which are not couple families or one-parent families, as defined. They include families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister.
Own-account worker	A person who operates his or her own economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires no employees, and the business was not incorporated (this category was formerly entitled self employed).
Participation rate	For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. Participation rates for persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance are calculated using population estimates which include those in institutions.
Part-time workers	Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the reference week.
Seasonally adjusted series	A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See paragraphs 30 and 31 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.
State capital cities	The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in the <i>Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Manual, Edition 2.5</i> (1216.0).
Status in employment	Employed persons classified by whether they were employers, own account workers, employees, or contributing family workers.
Trend series	A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 32 to 35 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.
Unemployed	Persons aged 15 and over who were not employed during the reference week, and:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and; ▪ were available for work in the reference week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the reference week); or ▪ were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then; or ▪ were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four

	weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
Unemployed looking for first full-time job	Unemployed persons looking for full-time work who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
Unemployed looking for first job	Unemployed persons who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
Unemployed looking for full-time work	Unemployed persons who actively looked for full-time work or were to resume a full-time job, from which they had been stood down.
Unemployed looking for part-time work	Unemployed persons who had actively looked for part-time work only, or were to resume a part-time job, from which they had been stood down.
Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation	Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job.
Unemployment rate	For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

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